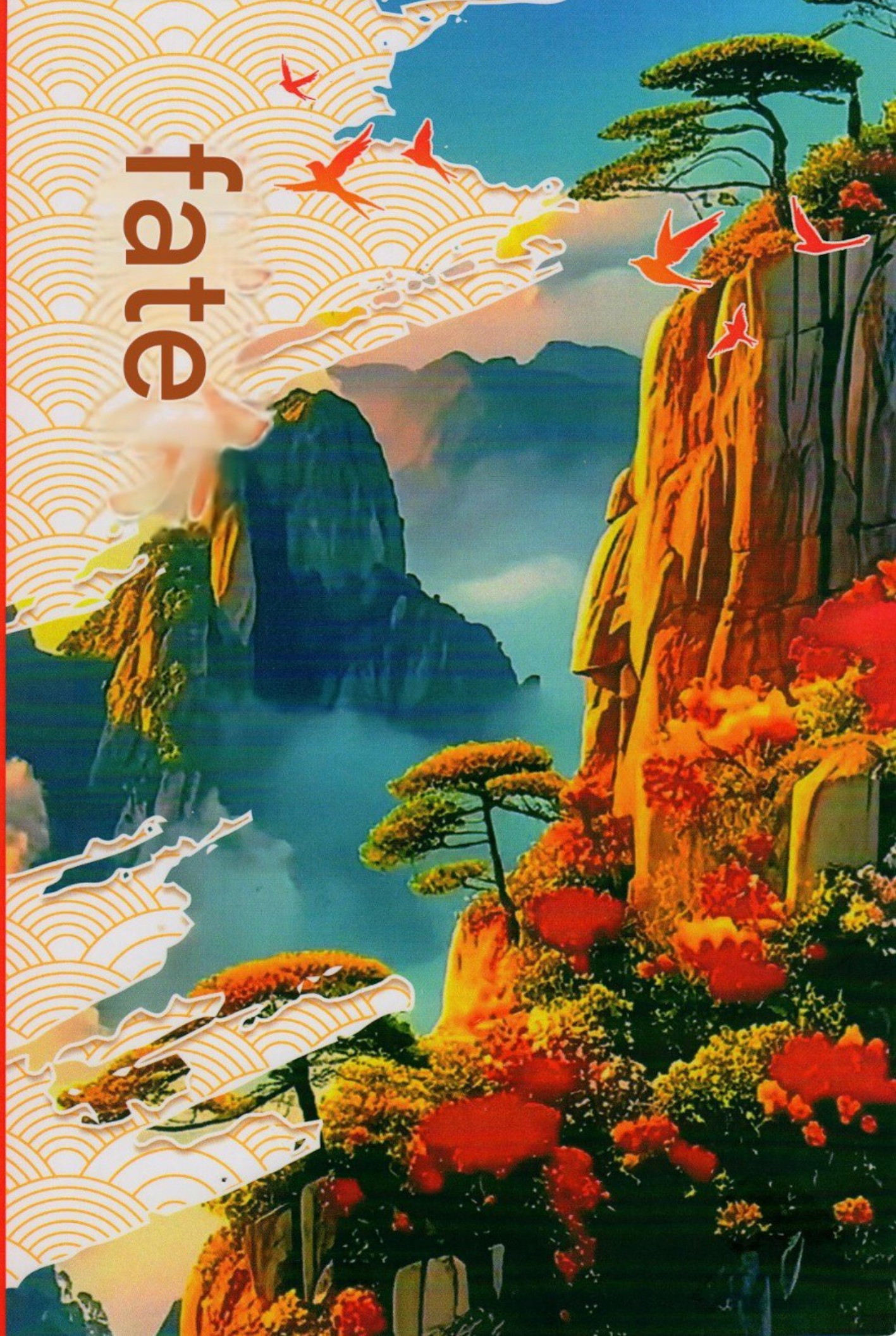
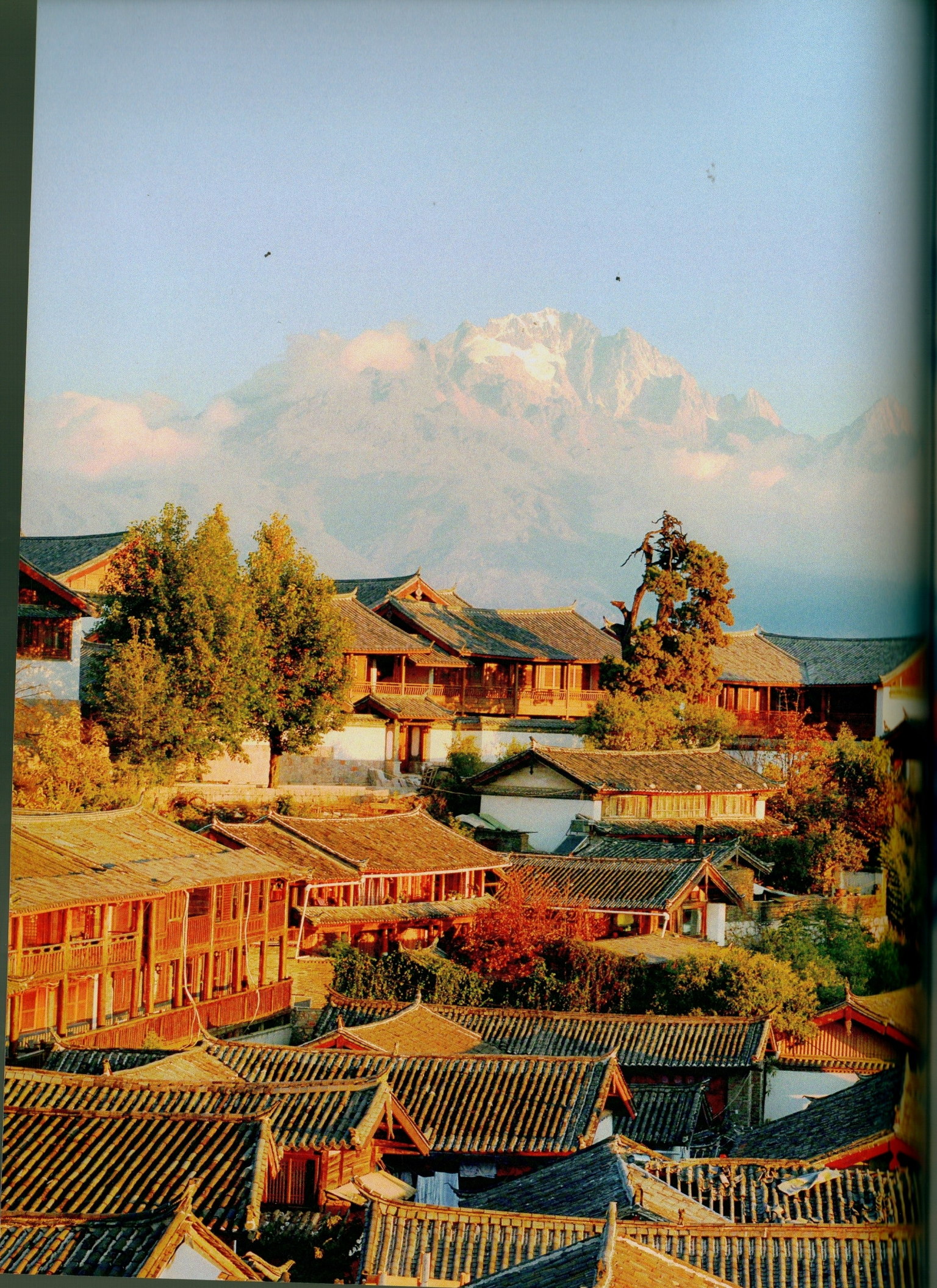


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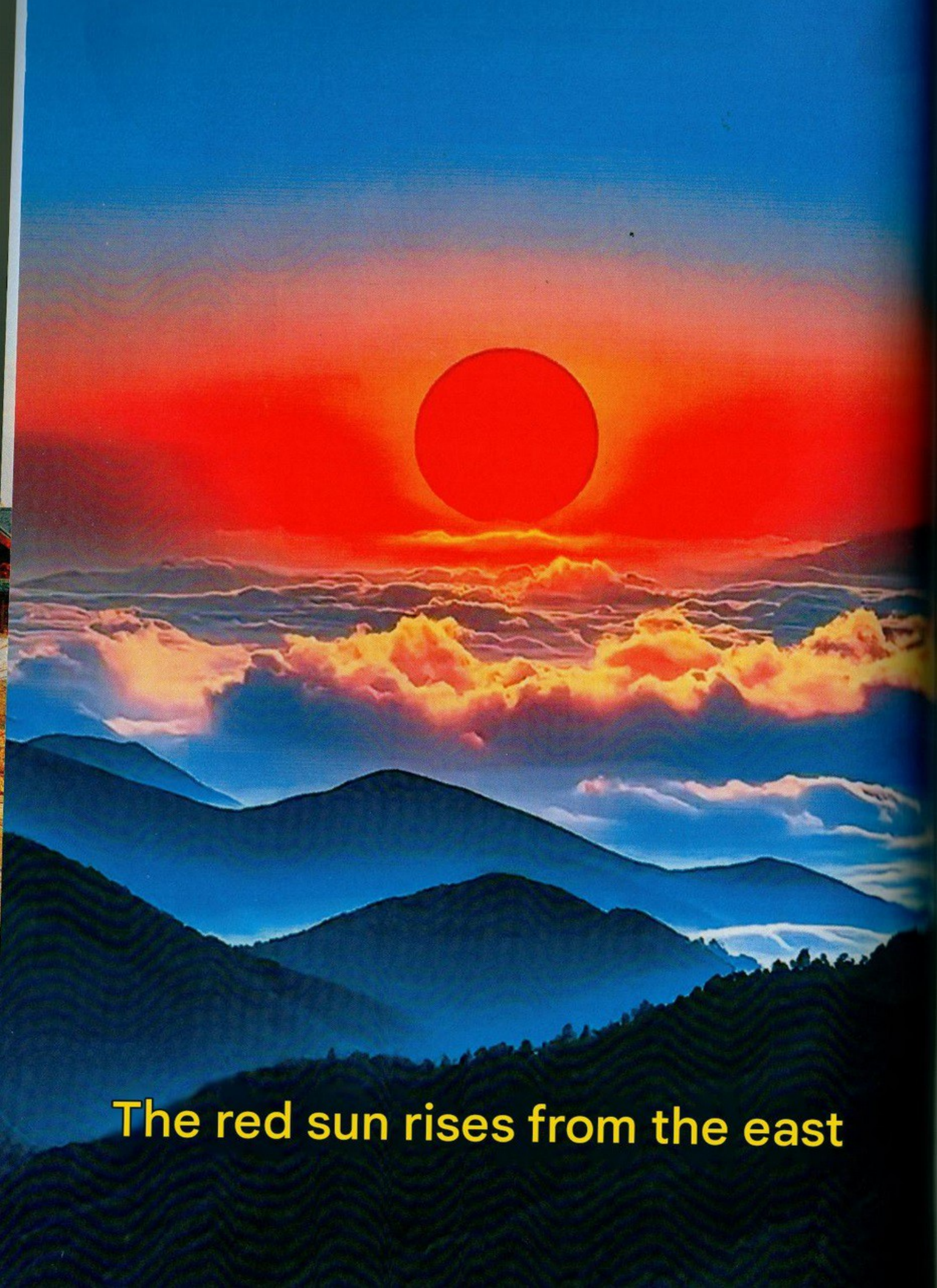




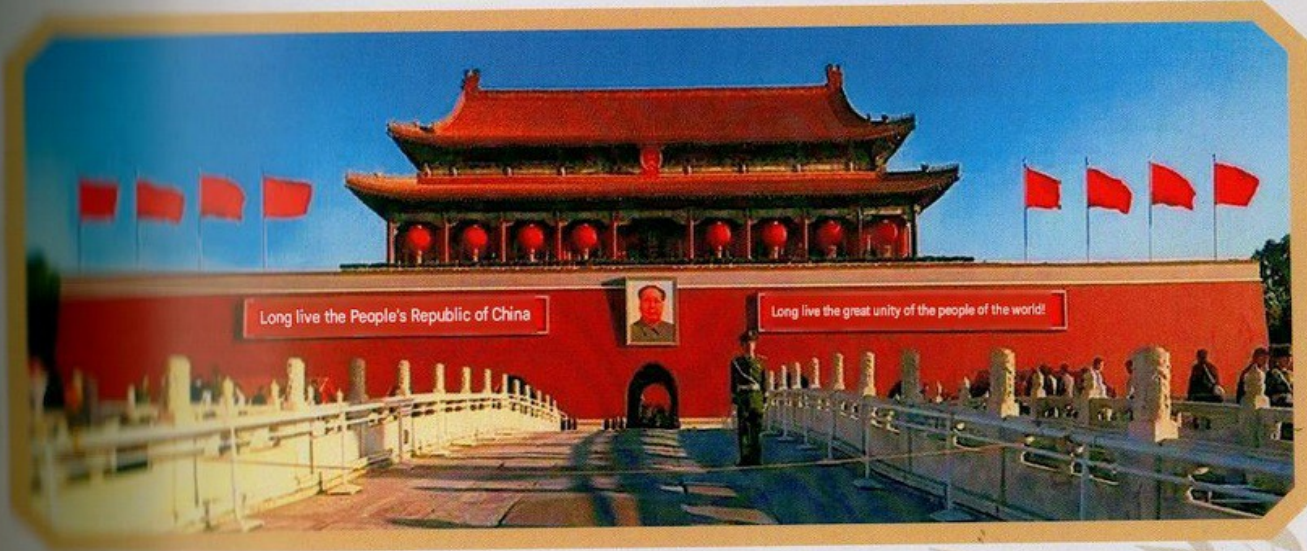
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©First edited by Fang Bao Chu

October 2015. Lijiang.



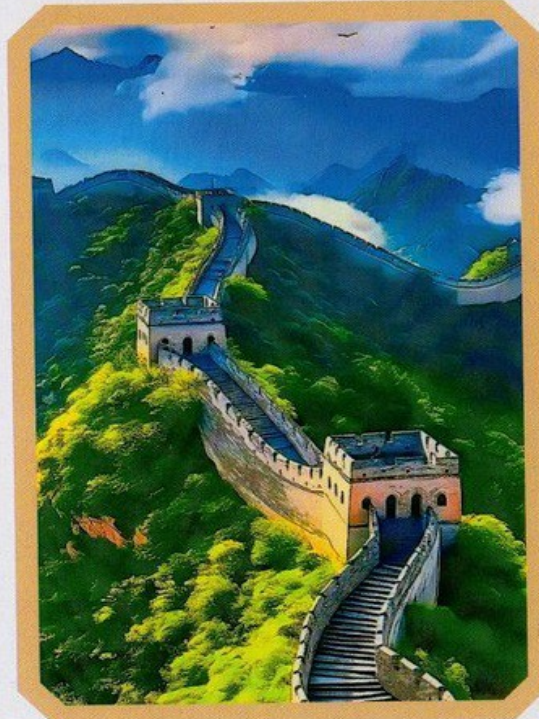
The red sun rises from the east



Tiananmen Square



Great men of the new China generation



Great Wall





Xi Jinping in Lijiang

On March 19-20, 2025, Xi Jinping, General Secretary of the CPC Central Committee, President of the People's Republic of China, and Chairman of the Central Military Commission, visited Lijiang, Kunming and other places for inspection and research.

On the afternoon of the 19th, Xi Jinping visited the Lijiang Modern Flower Industry Park.

Lijiang Old Town, with over 800 years of history, is a UNESCO World Heritage Site. After a spring snowfall, Lijiang was teeming with tourists. Xi Jinping visited the town, learning in detail about its history, the characteristics of Naxi ethnic minority dwellings, the protection and utilization of local cultural heritage, and the promotion of integrated cultural and tourism development. Residents and tourists were thrilled to see the General Secretary, vying to greet him. Some even played musical instruments and sang and danced to welcome him. The General Secretary frequently interacted with the locals, learning about the businesses and the tourists' experiences. He urged the local authorities to properly balance protection and development, allowing this beautiful old town to shine with new brilliance.

Xi Jinping inspected the main buildings of the Mu Palace and visited the exhibition showcasing research findings on Naxi Dongba culture. He emphasized the need to protect and utilize this important cultural landmark, to safeguard and pass on China's outstanding traditional culture, and to guide people of all ethnic groups to consciously strengthen their sense of community within the Chinese nation, continuously

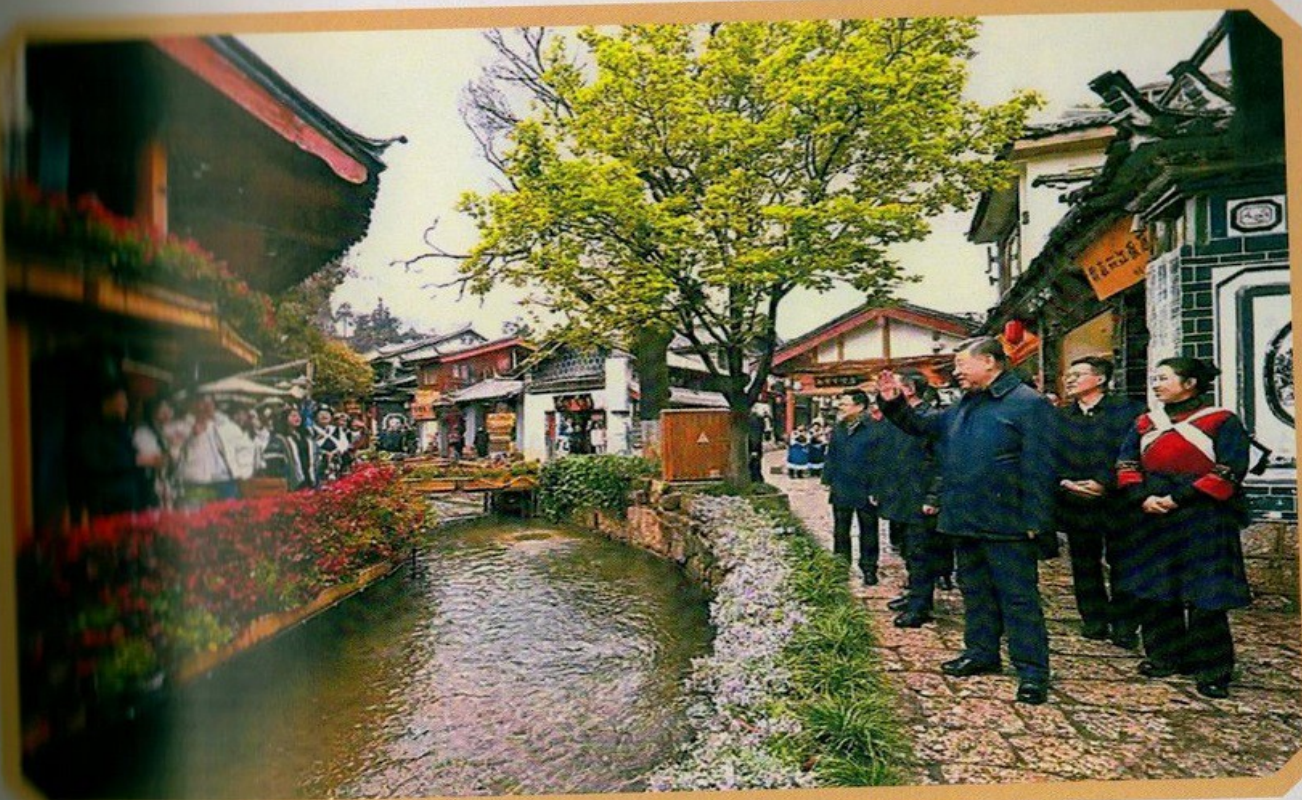
advancing the construction of a community with a shared future for the Chinese nation. As he left, many residents and tourists gathered to see him off. Xi Jinping encouraged them, saying that Lijiang has beautiful scenery, distinctive culture, and high visibility, and will surely forge a path of sustainable and healthy cultural tourism development. He wished the people of Lijiang a life as happy, healthy, and harmonious as the Naxi surname "He" (和).

September 3, 2025

Fang Baochu in Lijiang

Xiangyuan





Xi Jinping in Lijiang Old Town



Xi Jinping visits Lijiang Modern Flower Industry Park



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Xi Jinping visits Naxi Dongba

Cultural research results display



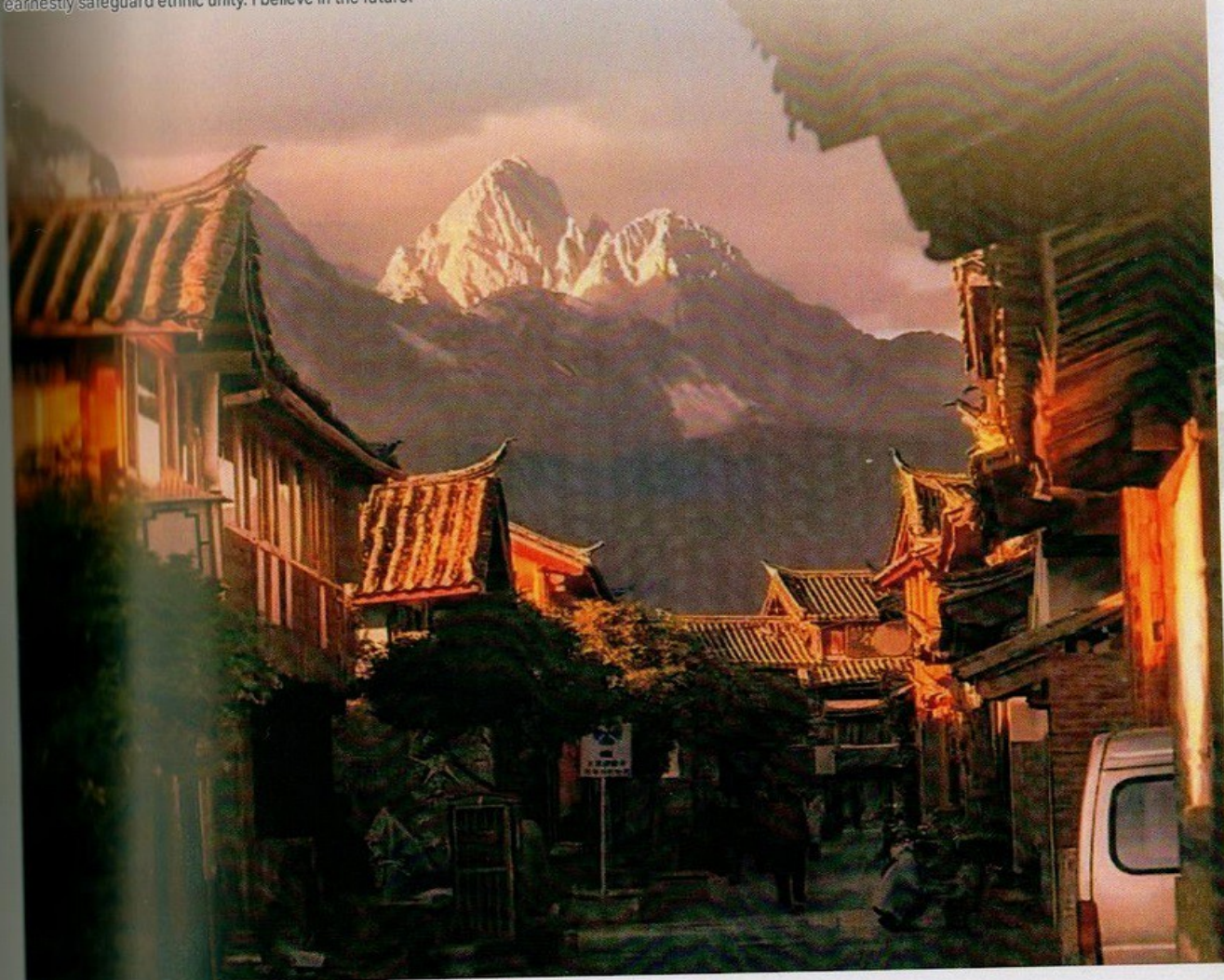


Lijiang business card

In the vast southwest of our motherland, there lies a magical land, steeped in over eight hundred years of history, and its name is "Lijiang".

Lijiang is known as a "Glacier Museum" and a "treasure trove of flora and fauna." The Yulong Mountain scenic area within its borders covers approximately 25,300 hectares; the Laojun Mountain World Natural Heritage site and the core area of the "Two Parallel Rivers" scenic area cover 64 square kilometers. There are 91 rivers of varying sizes. The Jinsha River flows through Lijiang for 651 kilometers. A total of 11 large-scale hydropower stations are planned. The area boasts over 13,000 plant species and is a key area for national natural forest protection, as well as one of Yunnan Province's key forestry areas.

Numerous scenic spots and attractions are teeming with tourists. General Secretary Xi Jinping's inspection and research broadened the practical path for integrating parking spaces with various ethnic groups. We will further promote the new era's action plan for border area development and prosperity, and earnestly safeguard ethnic unity. I believe in the future.





Lijiang City

Lijiang City is located in northwestern Yunnan Province, in the middle and upper reaches of the Jinsha River, situated in the transition zone between the Qinghai-Tibet Plateau and the Yunnan-Guizhou Plateau, and in the Yunnan-Sichuan-Tibet border region. It covers a total area of 20,600 square kilometers. It administers Gucheng District, Yulong Naxi Autonomous County, Yongsheng County, Huaping County, and Ninglang Yi Autonomous County, with a total population of over 110,000. There are 23 ethnic minorities, accounting for 57.3% of the total population.

Lijiang boasts a unique geographical location. It possesses a long history and rich culture, abundant resources, magnificent natural landscapes, and authentic and vibrant ethnic customs. It holds numerous accolades, including World Cultural Heritage, World Natural Heritage, World Cultural Memory Heritage, National Key Scenic Area, and a National Historical and Cultural City of China. The city's most advantageous and promising resources lie primarily in culture, tourism, biological resources, and hydropower.





Lijiang Old Town

Chuanjiang Ancient City is a historical and cultural city with a long history, simple and natural features, and extremely high value. It is an A-level tourist attraction.

The mountain town was first built in the late Song and early Yuan dynasties (late 13th century AD). It flourished in the Ming and Qing dynasties, boasting a long history dating back to the present day. Geographically, it is located at 100°14' E, 26°52' N, with an altitude of 100m and an area of 7.279 square kilometers. It includes the ancient towns of Dayan, Shuhe, and Baisha. The climate is a warm temperate monsoon climate typical of the South African highlands, with mild winters and cool summers, making it spring-like year-round. In November 1997, it was officially listed as a World Cultural Heritage site.

Nestled at the foot of Jade Dragon Snow Mountain, Dayan Ancient Town is built along the water, with its flowing streams, ancient bridges, and antique charm, a place where time seems to stand still. The ancient town and the snow-capped mountains complement each other, creating a mystical landscape that safeguards the peace of the land.

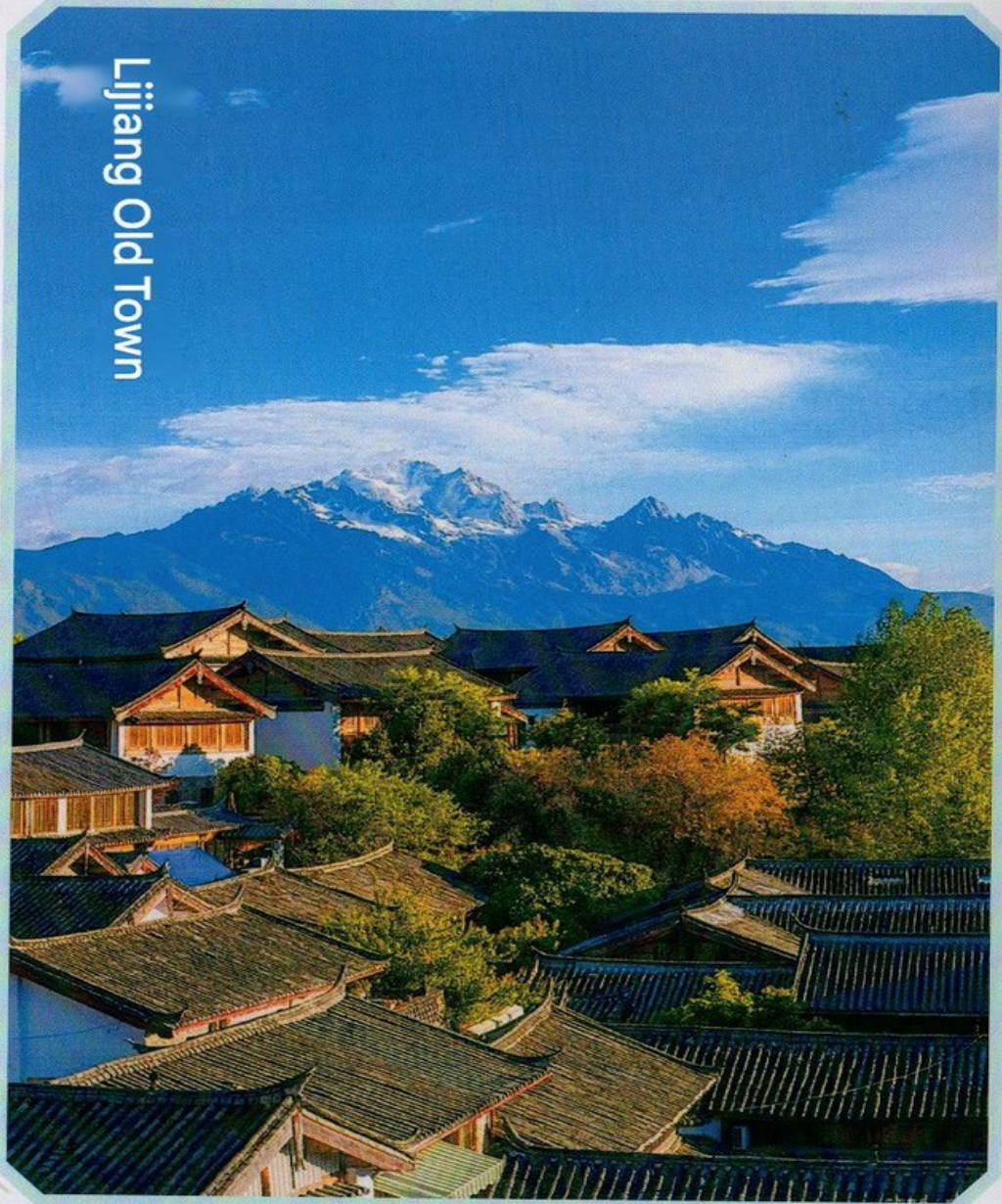
Jiangu City embodies local history, culture, and ethnic customs, possessing both the charm and beauty of a water town. Unlike any other famous city in China, it was not influenced by the traditional Central Plains city-building system of "nine li square, two side gates, nine lanes within the city, and nine tracks along the main road." The city has no rigid road network or imposing city walls. The ancient city is sheltered by two mountains within its walls, connected by eight interconnected hills. Two rivers flow through the city, and the layout of the waterways and streets features winding, secluded, narrow, and accessible paths. The buildings are built along the mountains and waterways, creating a harmonious and picturesque scene.

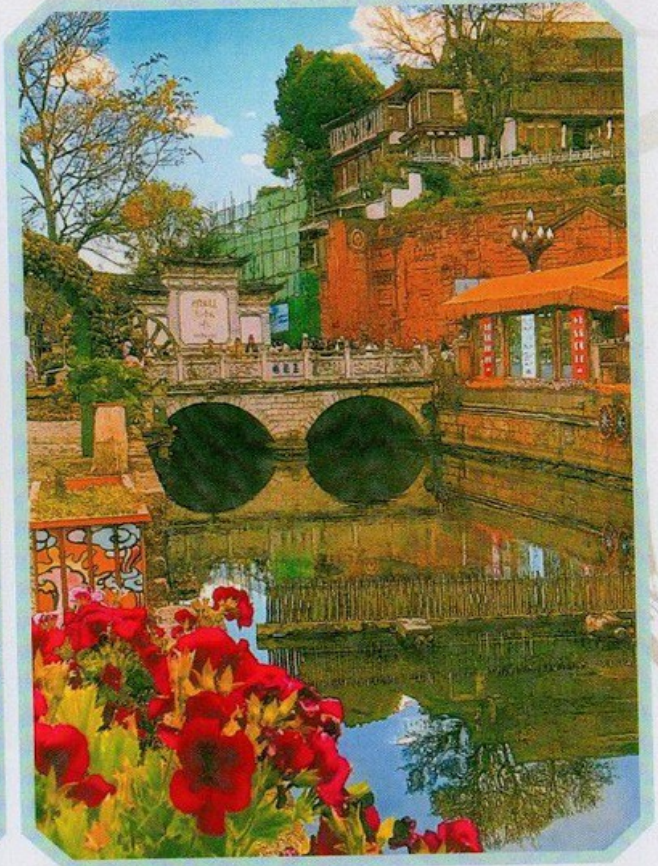
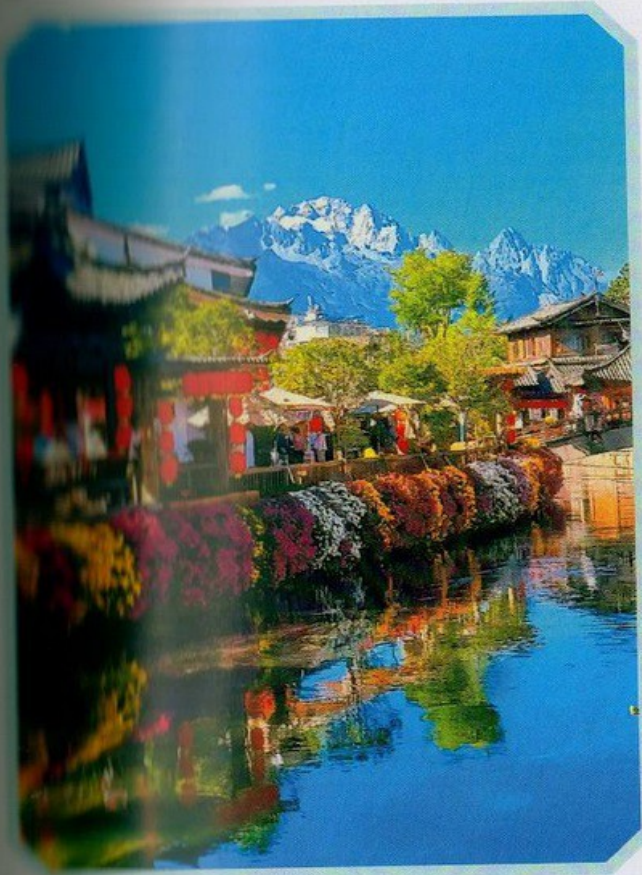
Paved with red breccia and colorful stones, the vibrant paths underfoot create a unique style. This is a masterpiece created by the ancestors of the Naxi people of Lijiang, based on their ethnic traditions and geographical environment. It is a model of ethnic characteristics and style.





Lijiang Old Town





Lijiang Old Town Waterwheel



Lijiang Jade Dragon Snow Mountain

Located at the southernmost point of the Northern Hemisphere, the snow-capped peaks of Daxueshan Mountain shimmer silver in the sunlight, resembling a soaring jade dragon. Eleven snow-capped peaks stretch endlessly, like a giant dragon coiled above the ancient city of Lijiang, guarding this ancient land.

Lijiang Old Town, an ancient town with over 800 years of history, sits at the foot of Jade Dragon Snow Mountain. Built against the mountainside, the old town features flowing streams and charming bridges, exuding a timeless atmosphere, as if time has stood still. The old town and the Xuexiao River complement each other, creating a mystical landscape that protects the peace of this land.

The main peak of Jade Dragon Snow Mountain is Shanzidou, with an altitude of 5596m. Jade Dragon Snow Mountain not only boasts magnificent snow-capped peaks, but also rich natural landscapes, with Glacier Park, Spruce Meadow, and Yak Meadow each breathtakingly beautiful.

Jade Dragon Snow Mountain is called "Oulu" in the Naxi language, which means "Heavenly Mountain". Its twelve snow-capped peaks stretch endlessly, resembling a "giant dragon" soaring and dancing, hence the name "Jade Dragon".

In winter, Jade Dragon Snow Mountain appears serene and mysterious. The snow-covered peaks are even more magnificent, leaving people in awe!

After the snowfall, the sun shone brightly on Jade Dragon Snow Mountain, its golden rays reflecting off its white slopes, creating a breathtakingly beautiful scene.

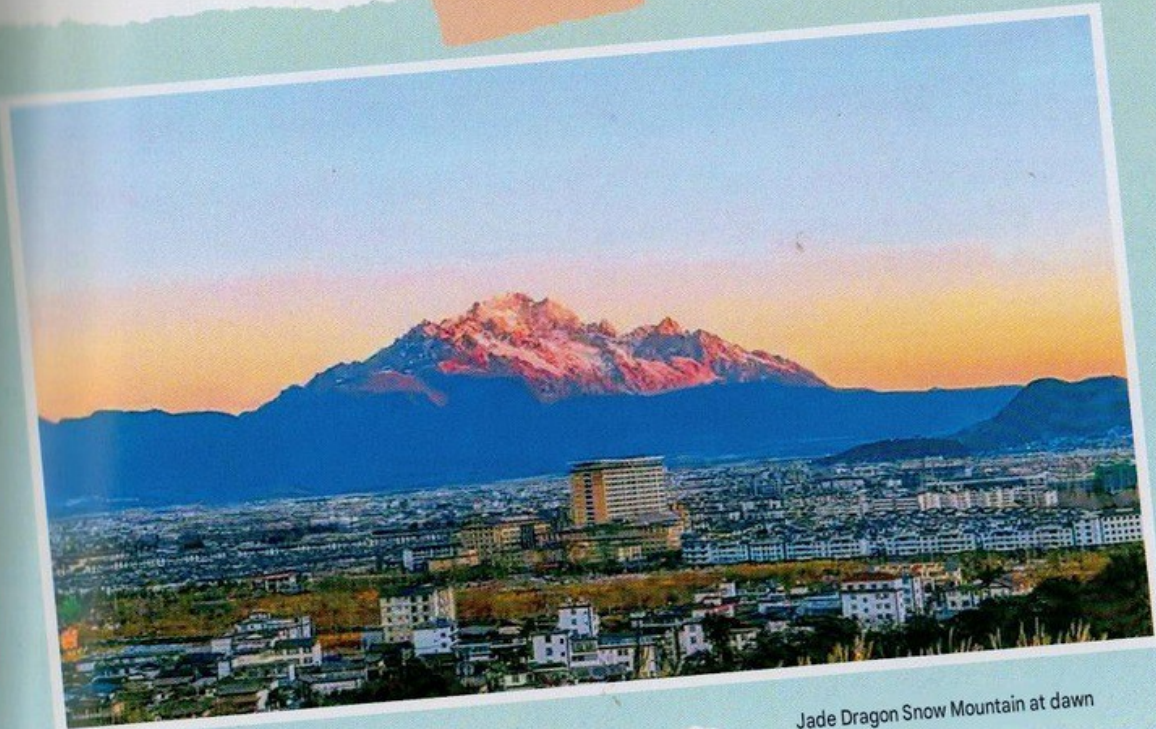


Wangjia Snow Mountain

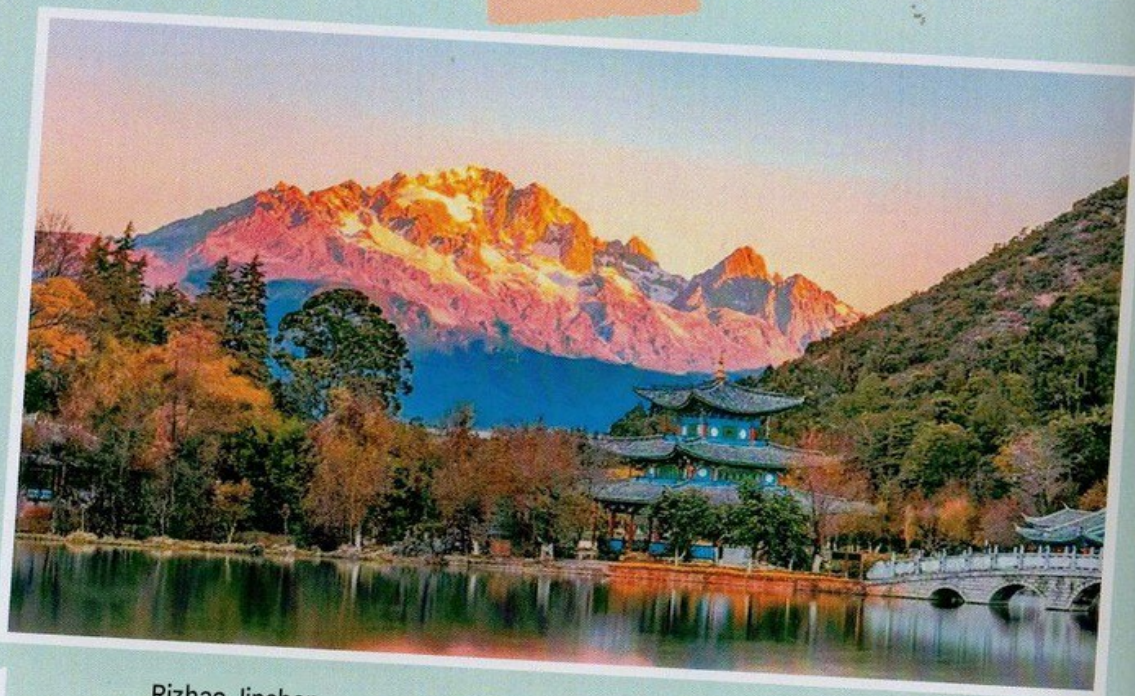
China, Lijiang



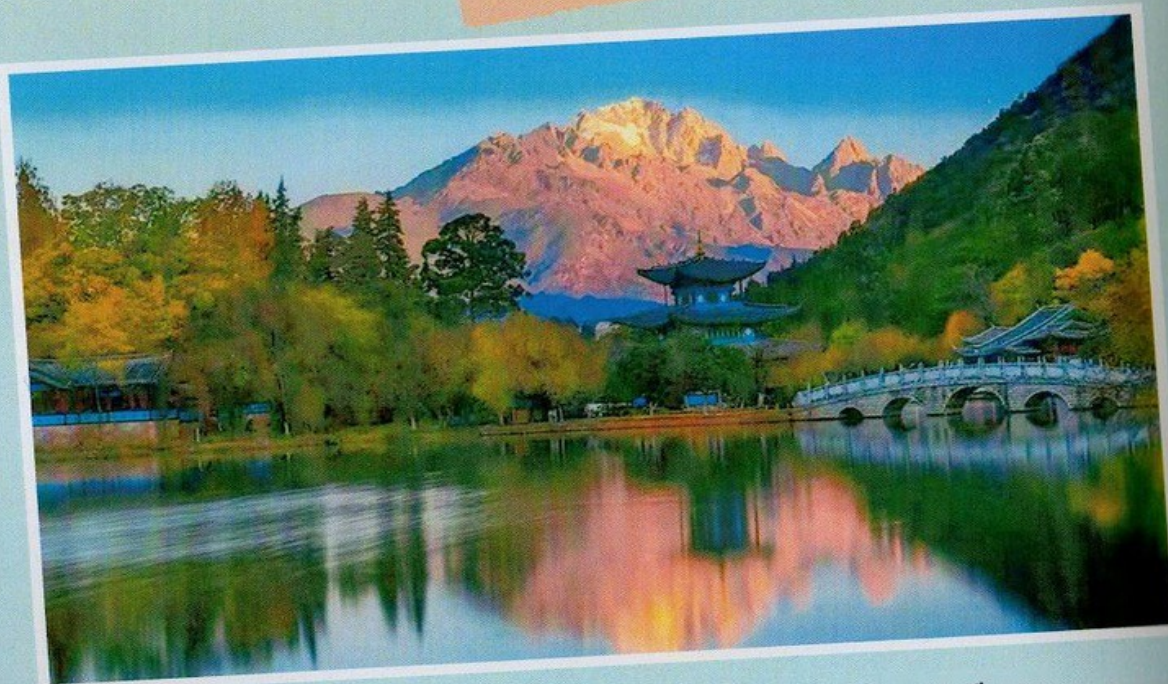
Lijiang Jade Dragon Snow Mountain



Jade Dragon Snow Mountain at dawn



Rizhao Jinshan



Longtan Yingxue



Lijiang Black Dragon Pool

Black Dragon Pool (also known as Jade Spring Park) in Lijiang is located at the foot of Elephant Hill in the north of the ancient city.

Heilongtan was first built in the second year of Qianlong's reign (1737). It was rebuilt in the sixtieth year of Qianlong's reign and the eighteenth year of Guangxu's reign. Its original name was Yuquan Dragon King Temple. It was named after being conferred the title of "Dragon God" by the emperors of the Jiaqing and Guangxu reigns of the Qing Dynasty. Later, it was renamed Heilongtan.

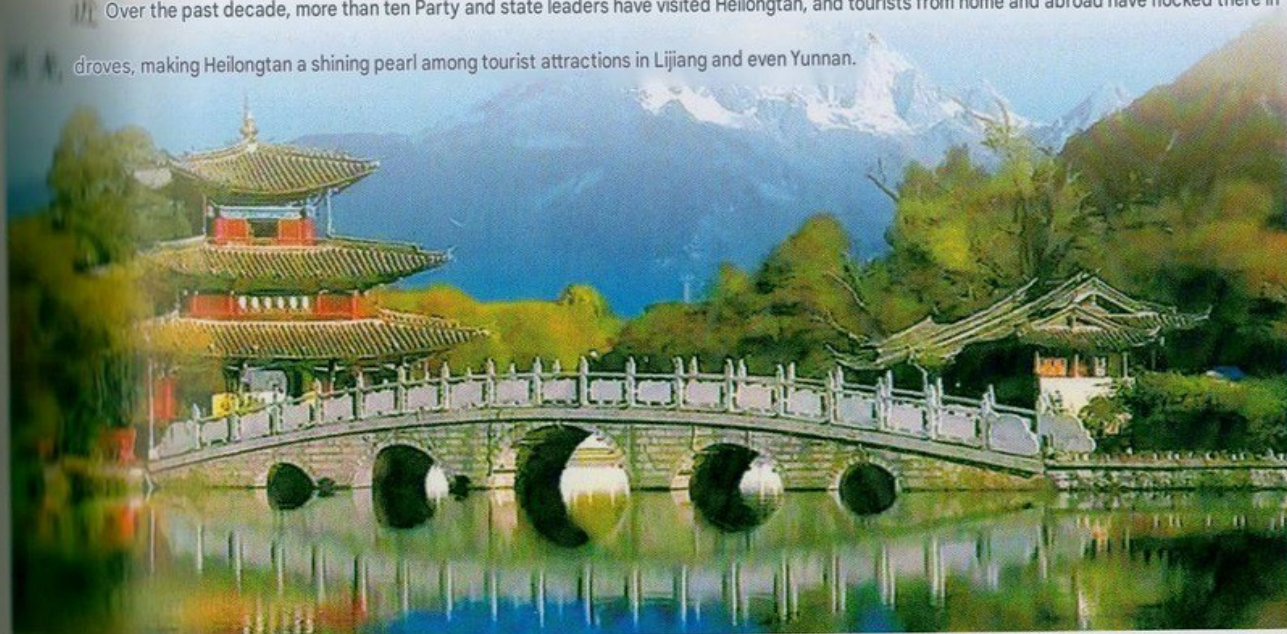
The Black Dragon Pool on the Sichuan River, with its "springs flowing gently and rippling, when is it most delightful? One must appreciate the moon's indifference and the wind's gentle touch on the water's surface. It stands tall and majestic, beholding its boundless depth. One should remember the clouds flying over the eaves and the rain rolling up the beaded curtain."

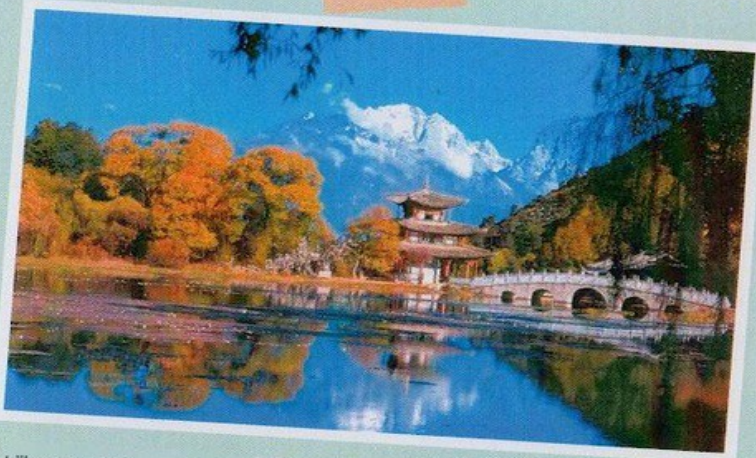
The Black Dragon Pool, with its beautiful quality, is listed in books such as "Famous Springs of China" and "Scenic Spots of China," which is truly well-deserved.

The image of snow reflected in the Black Dragon Pool, featuring the Five-Arch Bridge, Deyue Tower, and the snow-capped mountains, has become a scenic landmark of Lijiang and one of the most popular spots for tourists to take photos.

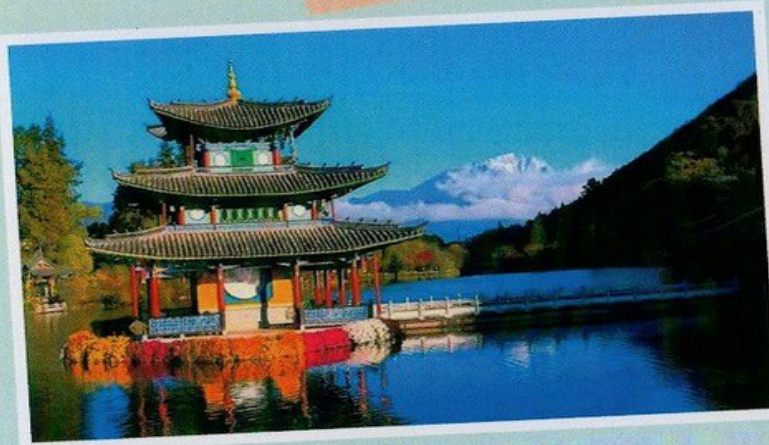
The Yuquan Dragon God Temple was built in the second year of the Qianlong Emperor's reign (1737 AD). In the seventeenth year of the Jiaqing Emperor's reign (1812 AD) and the fifteenth year of the Guangxu Emperor's reign (1889 AD), Yuquan was twice bestowed the title of "Dragon God" by the Qing emperors, making it one of China's famous springs and renowned throughout the world. Later, the Deyue Tower, a stage, the Wanshou Pavilion, and the Five-Arch Bridge were built. The tomb of the renowned Chinese historian Professor Fang Guoyu is also located in the tranquil forests of Heilongtan. The single character "Heilongtan" on the gate of Heilongtan was inscribed by Li Xinxiaochuan, the former president of the Provincial Calligraphy Association and a Naxi calligrapher. During the reconstruction of Deyue Tower in 1963, Guo Moruo was invited to inscribe the single character "Deyue Tower" and two couplets. In 1981, the establishment of the Dongba Culture Research Institute completed the Heilongtan Park's landscape garden, giving it a profound cultural heritage.

Over the past decade, more than ten Party and state leaders have visited Heilongtan, and tourists from home and abroad have flocked there in droves, making Heilongtan a shining pearl among tourist attractions in Lijiang and even Yunnan.





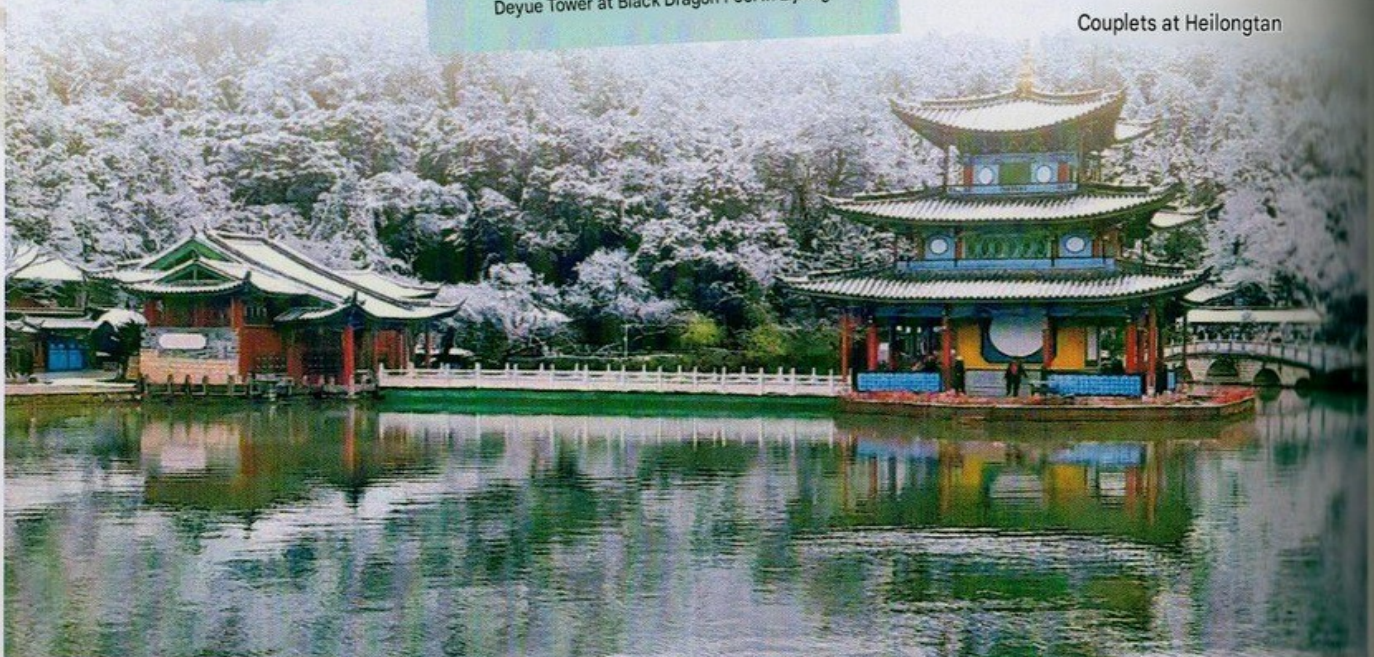
Lijiang Black Dragon Pool



Deyue Tower at Black Dragon Pool in Lijiang

Dragon Pool Reflects Thirteen Seas, Hidden Dragon in the Sky, How Can It Be on Earth?
Perhaps the jade in the cement building is a tiger made of jade, and a god made of jade.

Couplets at Heilongtan



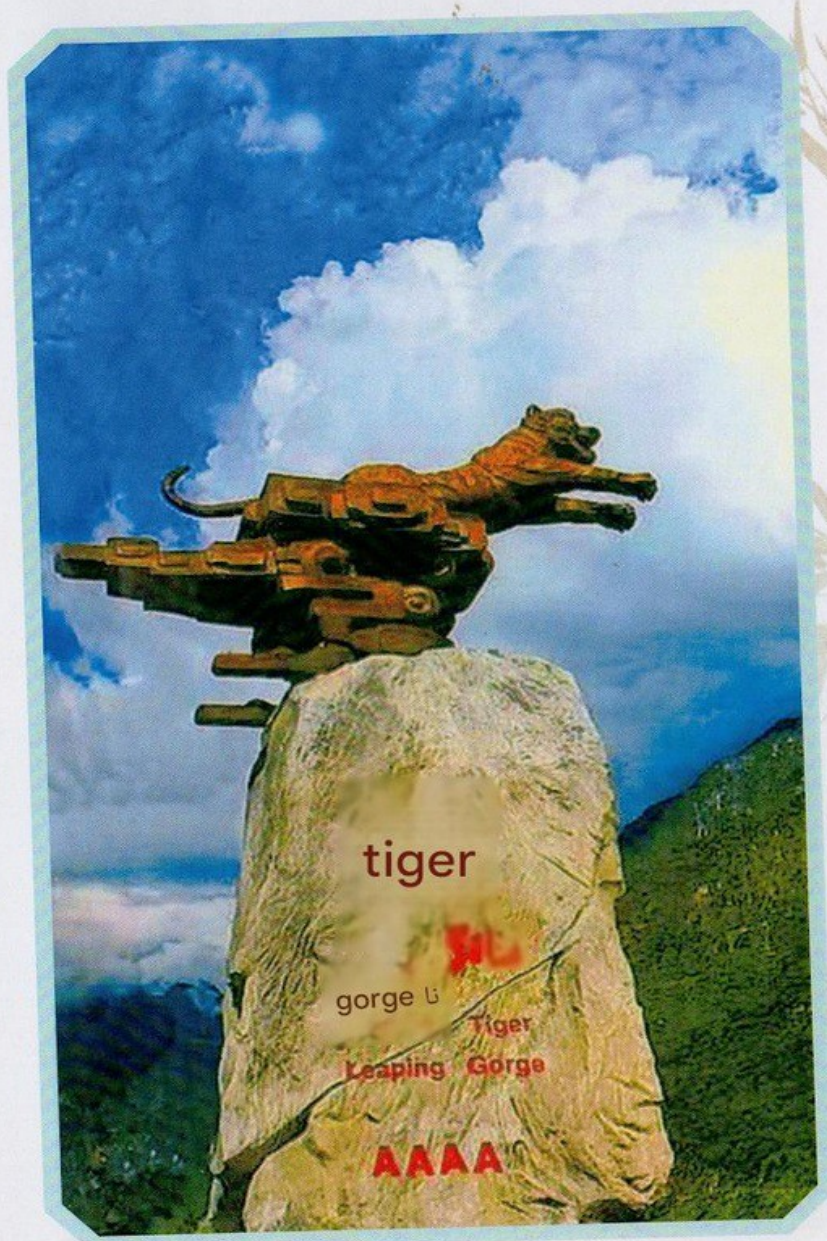


Tiger Leaping Gorge

It has been named one of the world's top ten classic hiking routes by National Geographic. It is undoubtedly an unforgettable natural wonder.

Tiger Leaping Gorge, a AAAA-level scenic area, is nestled between the Jade Dragon Snow Mountain and Haba Snow Mountain, with the river flowing between them, creating a magnificent panorama. To the east, Jade Dragon Snow Mountain rises to 5596 meters, perpetually shrouded in mist; to the west, Haba Snow Mountain, at 5396 meters, is rugged and towering, its peaks rising over 3000 meters above the river, a difference of 1500 meters between the mountain and its summit. This breathtaking scenery makes one feel as if embraced by nature, breathing and pulsating with its rhythm.

The river rushes through the canyon, stirring my emotions. In the 1910s, the renowned American explorer John Wallock traveled and explored this breathtaking river three times, recording its ever-changing forms: roaring, turbulent, and swirling, sometimes creating swirling eddies and misty spray. Standing in the canyon, overlooking the surging river leaping and tumbling within, I felt as if I could hear the breath of nature and feel its immense power. Hiking Tiger Leaping Gorge was an opportunity for self-reflection. During my past hikes, I had ample time to contemplate the meaning and value of life. Life is not merely about survival and reproduction, but also about pursuing dreams and values of freedom, and becoming a better version of oneself.





Yushui Village

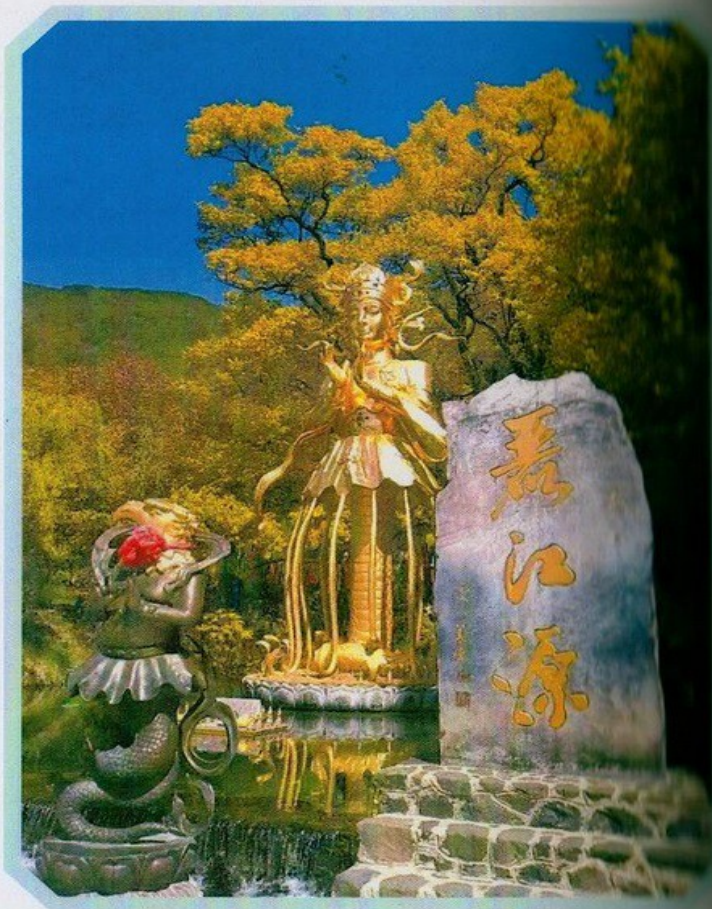
Yushui Village is located in Baisha, Lijiang. It is a "feng shui treasure land" passed down by the Naxi people and is also one of the birthplaces of Naxi culture.

The sacred spring within the village is emerald green, pure, and crystal clear. It flows down the mountainside, forming the famous "Dragon Emerging Waterfall," "Dragon Playing Waterfall," and "Divine Dragon Waterfall," collectively known as "Divine Dragon Cascade."

Among the statues stands a 12-meter-tall human-bodied, snake-tailed deity, a nature god worshipped by the Naxi people, where visitors can experience their unique religious culture.

The scenic area is at an altitude of 2500m.

Yushui Village is not only a sacred site of the Naxi Dongba religion, but also the source of the water system of Lijiang Ancient Town. With its unique cultural charm and enchanting natural scenery, Yushui Village attracts countless tourists.



Lijiang Baisha Yushui Village Natural God Statue



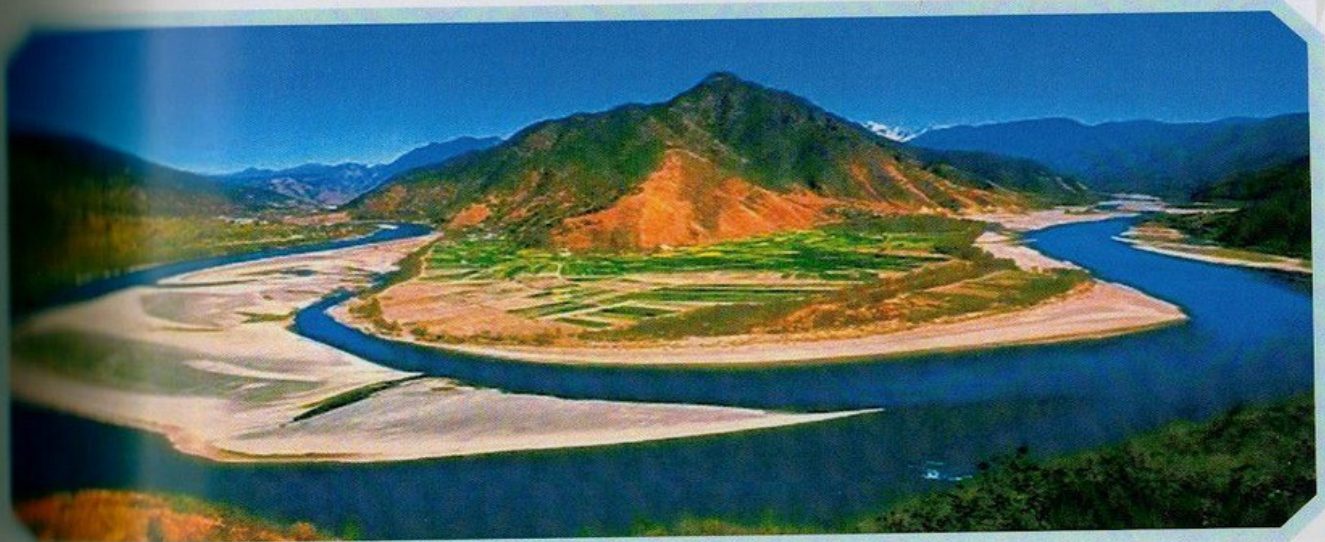
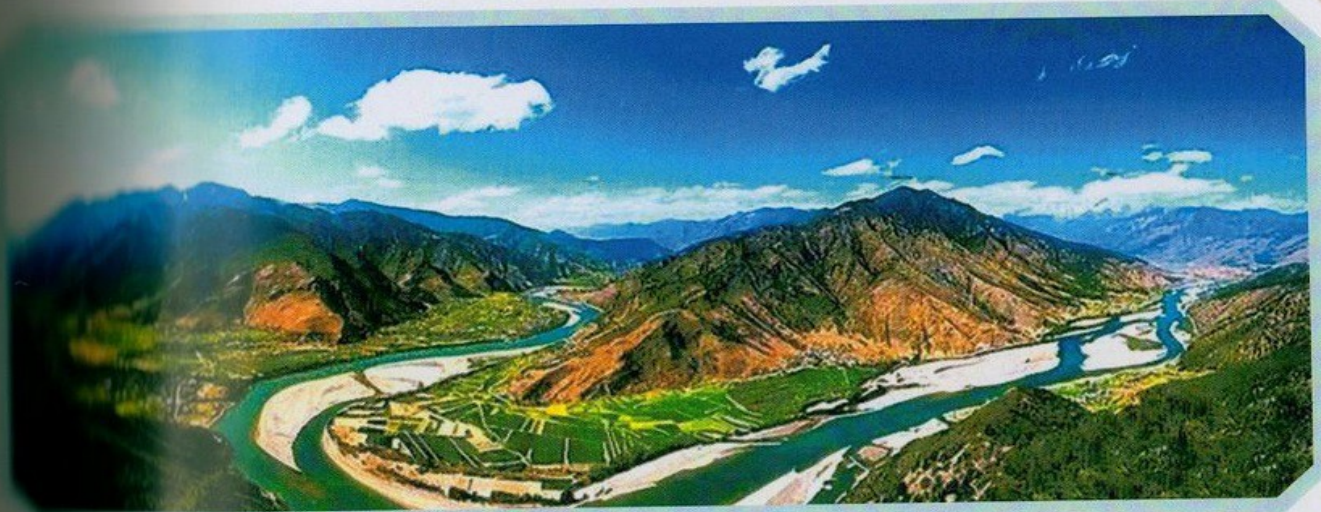


The first bay of the Yangtze River

The First Bay is located in Shigu Town, Lijiang City, and Shasongbi Village in the south of Shangri-La County, in northwestern Yunnan Province. It is not only a prominent landmark of the Jinsha River, the upper reaches of the Yangtze River, but also an excellent tourist destination that integrates natural scenery and people.

The First Bend is located on a plateau at an altitude of 1850m, where the Jinsha River suddenly turns 120° from south to northeast, forming a rare "V" shaped bend. This unique geographical location makes it an excellent spot for viewing the magnificent scenery and majestic mountains of the Yangtze River.

Legend has it that the Nu River, Lancang River, and Jinsha River are like sisters. After a dispute along the way, they resolutely turned eastward, forming the first bend of the Yangtze River. This legend adds a touch of mystery and grandeur to the scenic spot.





Yufeng Temple

One of the five major Buddhist temples in Lijiang (Fuguo Temple, Puji Temple, Wenfeng Temple, Zhiyun Temple, and Yufeng Temple). Built in the 29th year of the Kangxi Emperor's reign in the Qing Dynasty (1700).

Inside the temple, the "Ten Thousand Camellias," planted by the 8th Tai Situ Rinpoche Chokyi Gyaltsen, the leader of the Karma Kagyu school, is renowned worldwide for its nearly 300-year history.

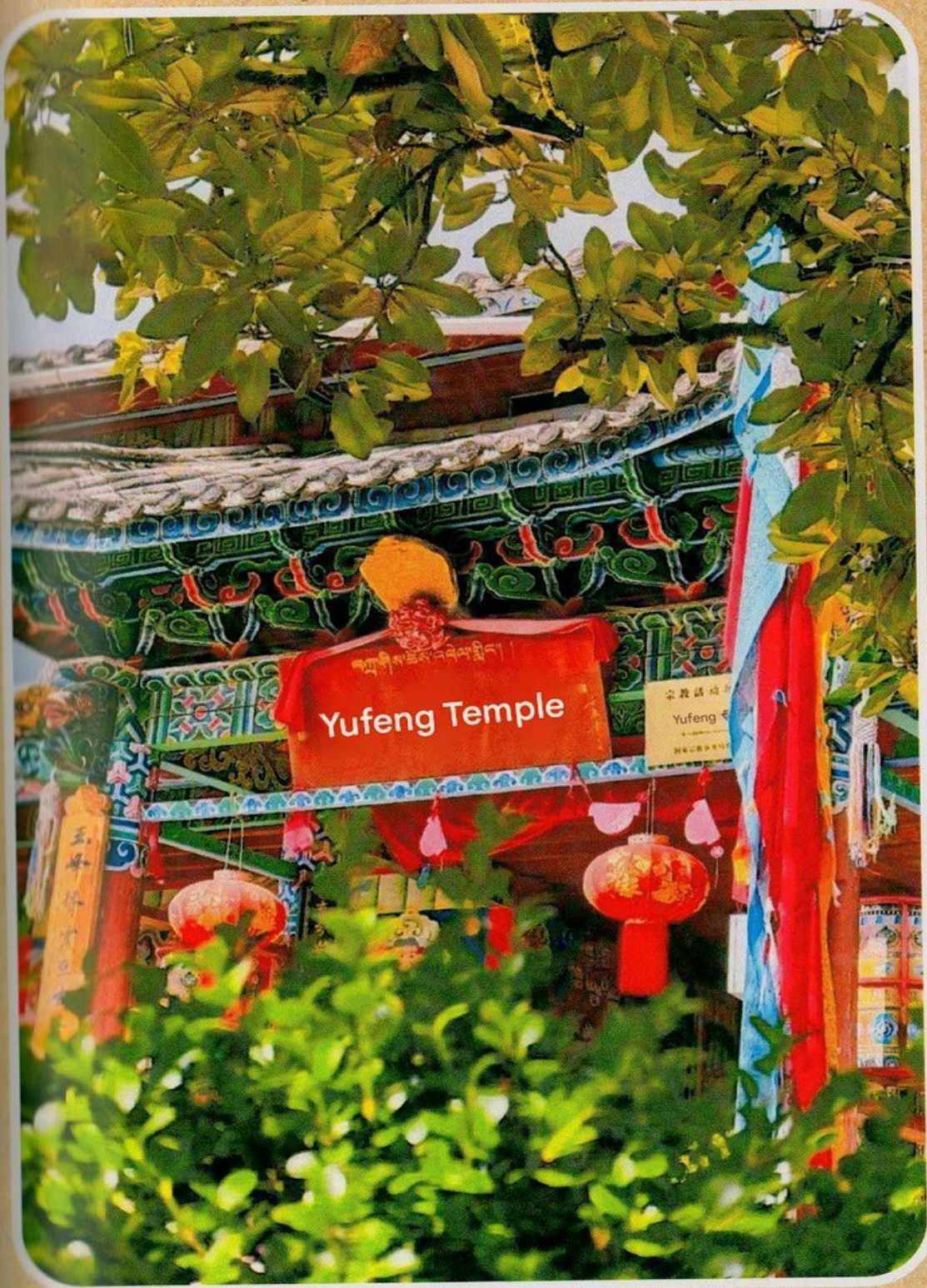
This camellia tree blooms every year from the beginning of spring to the end of the lunar calendar, spanning seven seasons and over a hundred days. More than 20 batches of over 20,000 vibrant camellias compete to bloom in succession, earning it the titles of "King of Camellias in the World" and "Number One Tree in the Globe." Its canopy, covering over 40 square meters and spanning 56 meters, almost completely fills the courtyard. Visitors entering the courtyard are enveloped in blossoms that brush against their clothes and faces; "people are under the flowering tree, flowers are among the people," the camellias and faces reflecting each other's beauty, a mesmerizing sight.

Ten thousand camellias in full bloom—such a unique shape protects them from wind and frost while allowing visitors to admire them up close, demonstrating the ingenuity of the cultivators.

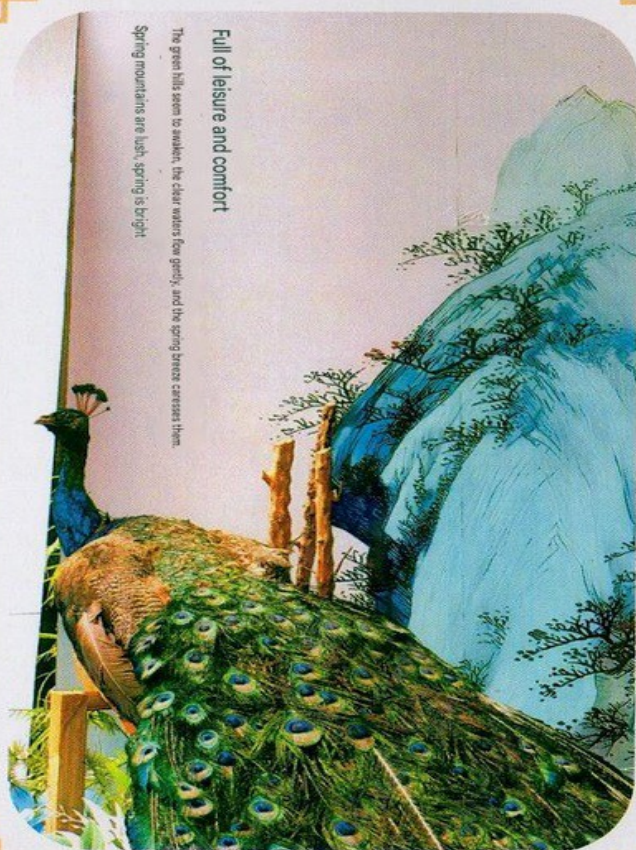
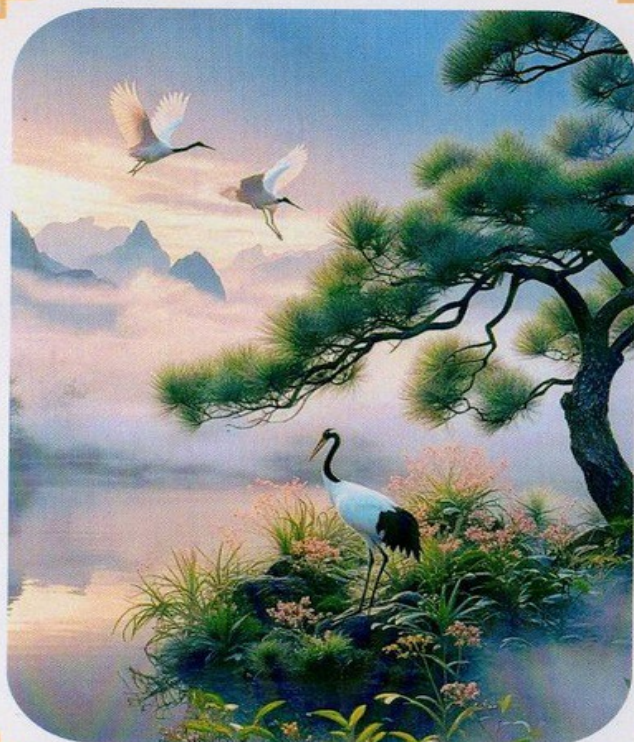
The camellias at Yufeng Temple are unique in that they have two varieties on one tree, blooming in a mixed manner. This tree was originally grafted with red-flowered camellia as rootstock and lion's head camellia as scion. After grafting, due to the flourishing of side branches from the original rootstock forest, a spectacular sight was formed where red-flowered camellia and the multi-variety lion's head camellia bloomed together.

Lion's Head Camellia: Its flowers are as large as a seven-inch porcelain plate, as vibrant as roses, blooming open from the stem with nine clusters of stamens and eighteen petals, known as "Nine Hearts and Eighteen Petals." Red Camellia: Its flowers bloom individually, deep red in color, commonly known as "Palace Red" or "Child's Face." When these two types of camellias grow together on one tree, when they bloom, they resemble a forest of rosy clouds from afar. With the snow-capped peaks as a backdrop, they present a spectacular sight: "The treetops seem to swallow fire, and the remaining snow dyes half the sky red."

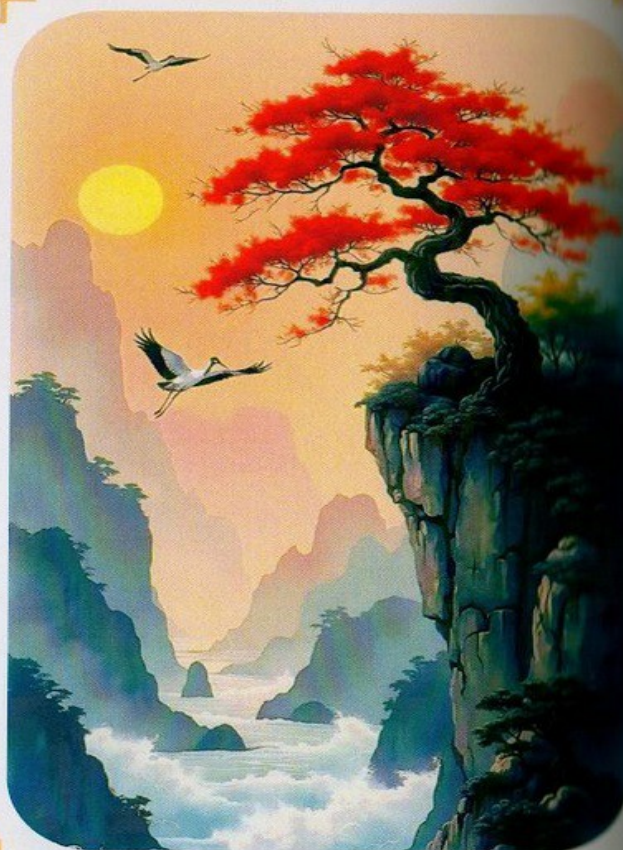




Yufeng Temple



Full of leisure and comfort
The green hills seem to awaken, the clear waters flow gently, and the spring breeze caresses them.
Spring mountains are lush, spring is bright.





Happy event for my family

A young couple, deeply in love, were bound together by fate. On June 7, 2025 (the fifth month of the lunar calendar), Fang Xiangrui (grandson) and Wu Lian were happily married, a match made in heaven.

There are flowers in autumn, a moon in summer, cool breezes in winter, and snow in winter. And with grandchildren and daughters-in-law by each other's side, every season is a good season.

Abundant happiness!

Your love is like a moving song, its melody filled with happiness and sweetness. A lifetime of love, shared experiences, and years of mutual support are the most beautiful testament to your love. The love between husband and wife is precious because of mutual understanding; it must be nurtured with care and attention, and never taken lightly.

We embark on life's journey together, supporting each other—that's the cause of love. A chance encounter, a lifetime of love!

Like stars, shining in every corner of life.

Humanity is full of love and compassion. On this joyous occasion, family and friends, blessed by heaven and earth, share in the happiness. A group photo captures the moment, an eternal memory.

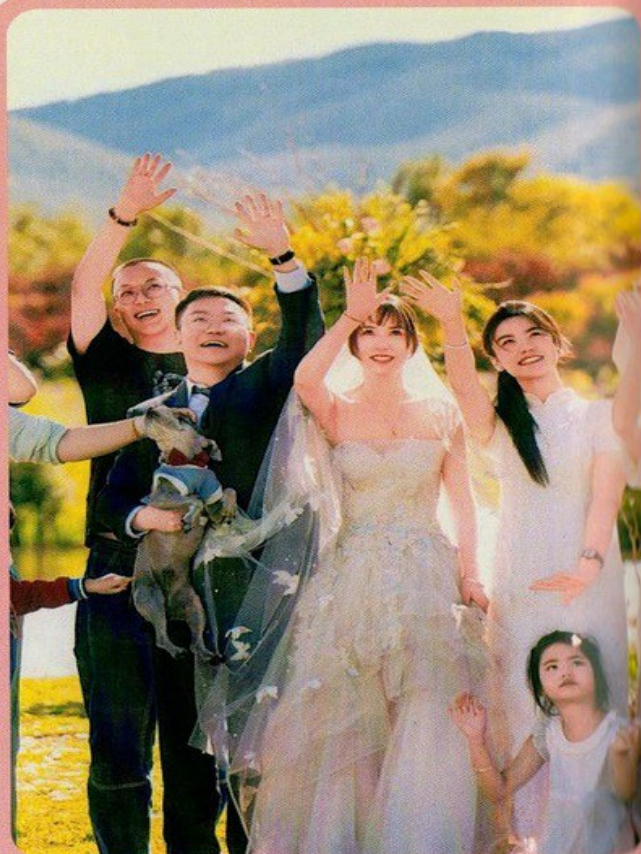
I wish the young couple a lifetime of happiness, supporting each other through thick and thin, weathering life's storms together. May their love blossom, bringing them

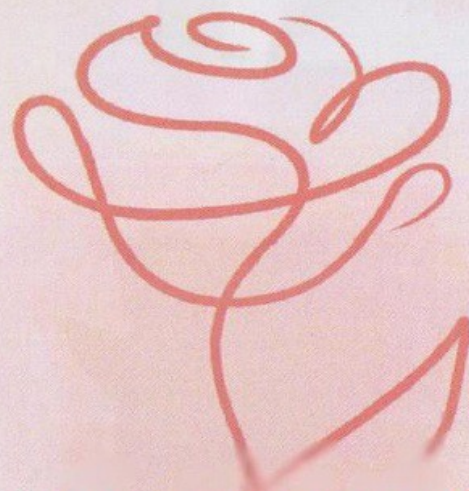
prosperity and harmony, and may they, of one heart and one mind, create a bright future together. May they be a loving couple, growing old together in harmony!





Spring breezes and the sun and moon illuminate the fragrant peach and plum blossoms, where kindred spirits are found.



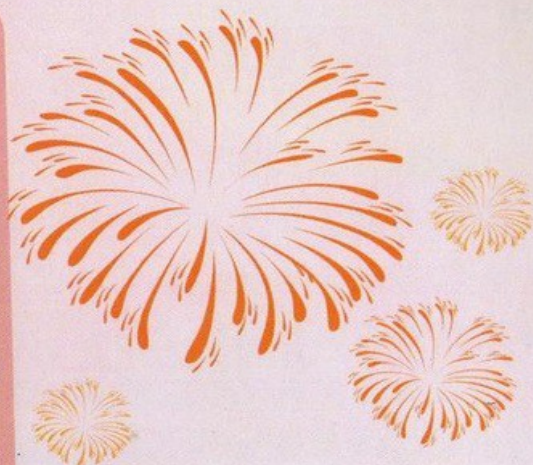


Happy relationship

HAPPY
WEDDING



Thank you for coming!



Tong: Grandpa and Grandma, have some wedding candy.



吾家
pregnant

Mother's love: A Yuan's son



flowers

Peony, the most fragrant flower in the world.

Peonies, with their richness, abundance, and magnificence, hold a wealth of symbolic meanings in Chinese culture, primarily including wealth and good fortune, elegance and nobility, trustworthiness, prosperity and flourishing, complete happiness, fearlessness in the face of power, lofty integrity, and beautiful aspirations.

Who doesn't love the peony, which monopolizes all the beauty of the city?

It seems to be the work of the goddess of Luochuan, her myriad forms adorned by the morning glow, the king of all flowers, unparalleled beauty in the world, the first fragrance among all.

A thousand kinds of flowers bloom before my eyes, but this one is a wonder unparalleled in the world. Its beauty and fragrance have been praised by countless people, but who knows the loyalty it holds in its heart?



pink peony



purple peony



plum blossom

Among China's ten famous flowers, the plum blossom, along with orchid, bamboo, and chrysanthemum, is listed as one of the Four Gentlemen. It is also known as one of the "Two Friends of Winter" along with pine and bamboo. In traditional Chinese culture, the plum blossom inspires people with its noble, strong, and humble character.

The plum blossoms bloom before all other flowers in the bitter cold, bringing spring to the world alone.

Plum blossoms, a traditional flower and fruit unique to China, have a history of use spanning over 3,000 years. After the Xinhai Revolution, plum cultivation expanded to include nurseries in Central China, evolving from local and individual cultivation to large-scale development with government investment in scientific research, leading to the establishment of a unified classification system for Chinese plum blossoms. Therefore, the botanical history of the plum is a rich and colorful cultural history. In traditional Chinese culture, the flourishing of plum cultivation not only benefited horticulture but also occupied an important position in the transmission of Chinese culture.



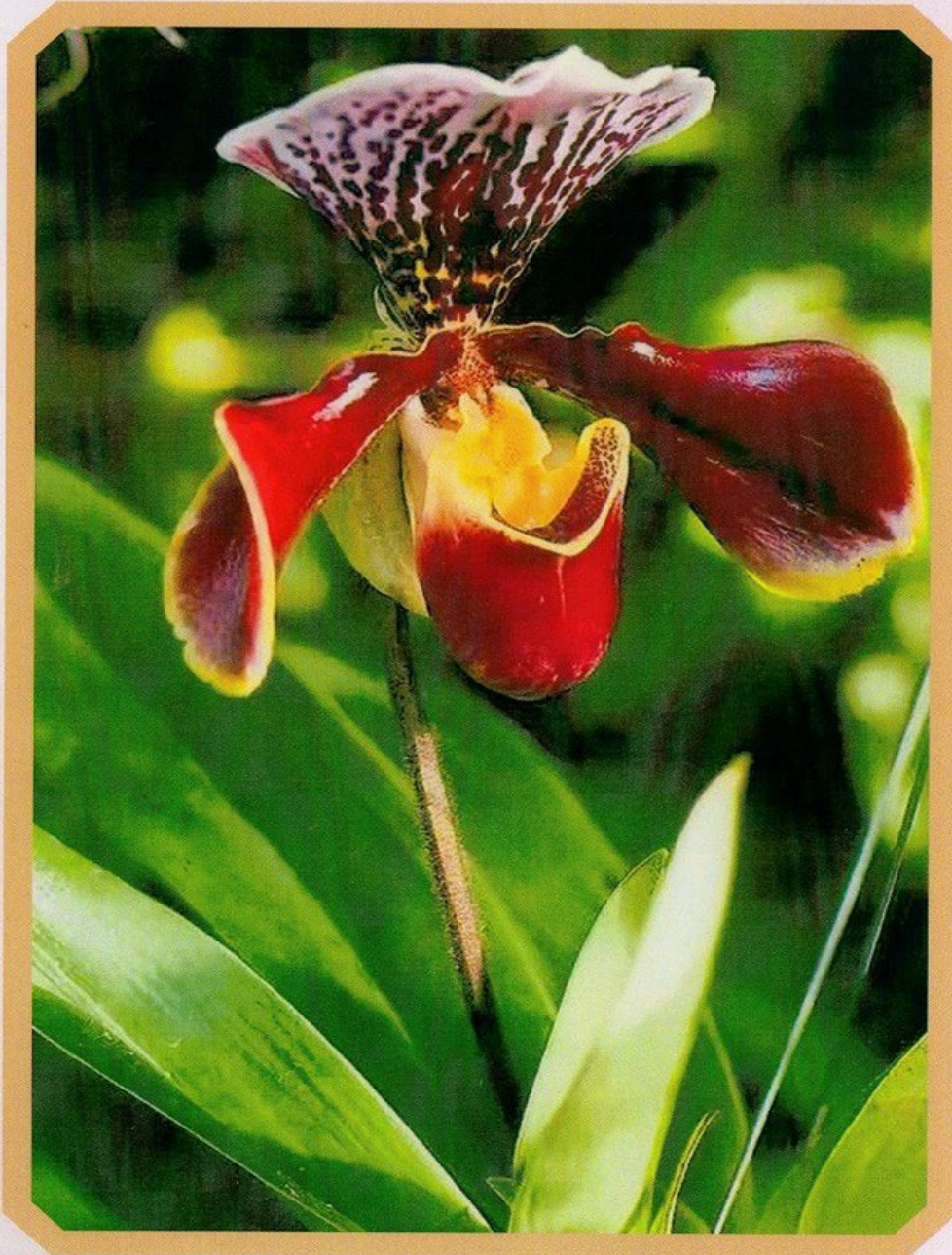


orchid

Orchids possess the resilience of plum blossoms, the charm of lotus flowers, the wonder of chrysanthemums, and the elegance of daffodils.

Orchids grow in secluded valleys, and their fragrance does not diminish even when no one is there to appreciate them.

Humans are the most intelligent of all beings, and orchids are the most beautiful of all flowers.



orchid



Wedding celebration photos

Lijiang, June 7, 2025

June 7, 2025

Lijiang





When you get old, you have the right to smile.



My family's joyous occasion will bring us a lifetime of happiness.

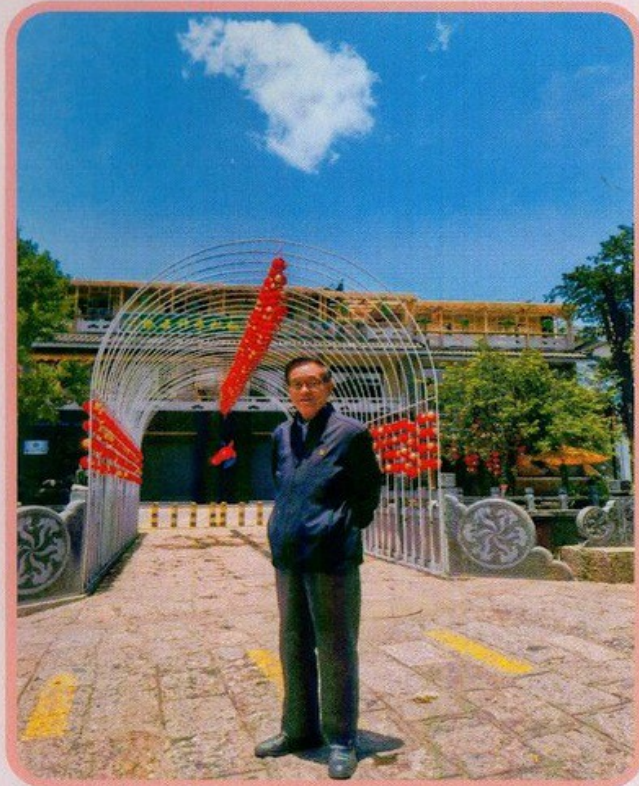


Life is vast and uncertain; how many times have I searched
for my true self, only to find a kindred spirit with a smile?

Diamonds shine, reflecting the

February 13, 2025 in Lijiang





July 1, 2025, marked
my 87th birthday in Lijiang.



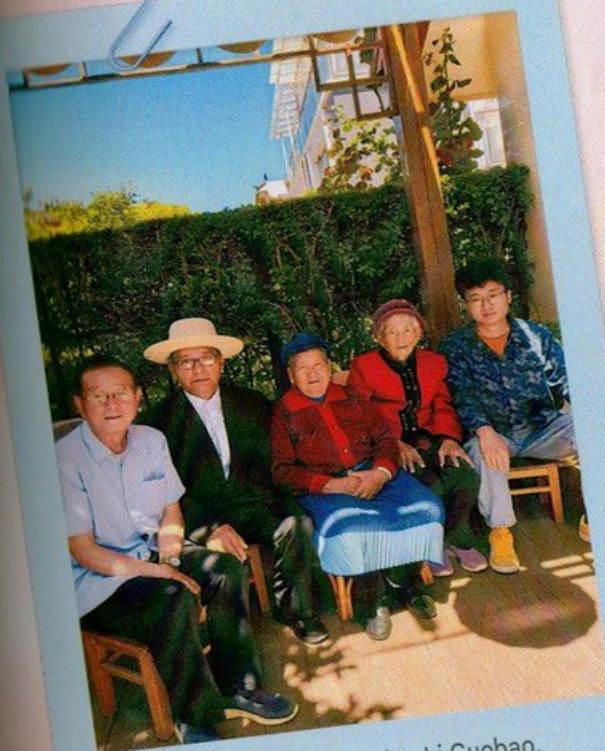
Wife



July 20, 2025, at Green Lake in Kunming



Peace and joy



From left: Fang Baochu, Li Guobao,
Niu Dongji, Niu Qiuji



From left: Hong Yaogang, Fang Canxian, Fang Yuan, Ren
Changchun



Front row, from left: Wang Lirong, Fang Canxian, Fang Baochu, Wang Zhengxing
Back row, from left: Ren Changchun, Fang Yuan



左起 Wang Lirong, Fang Yuan, Wu Lian, Fang Canxian



From left: Fang Canxian, Li Mei



From left: Xi Chang, Fang Manqi, Chen Liping

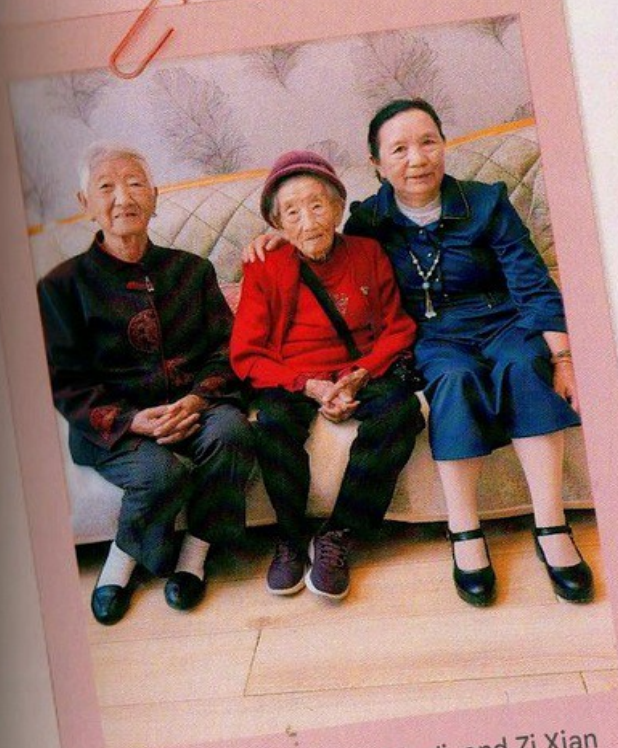


Front row, from left: Fang Runqi, Dao Yongming

Back row, from left: Fang Zheng, Fang Weicheng, Huang Junheng



左起 Fang Baochu, Niu Qiuji, Zhou Yuanshu, Zhao Xuequan



From left: Ji Qing, Qiu Ji, and Zi Xian



From left: Huansheng, Baochu, Qiuji, and Heshiliang



From left: Zhang Jichun, Fang Lixia, 章婷



From left: Zili, Baochu, Zhengxian



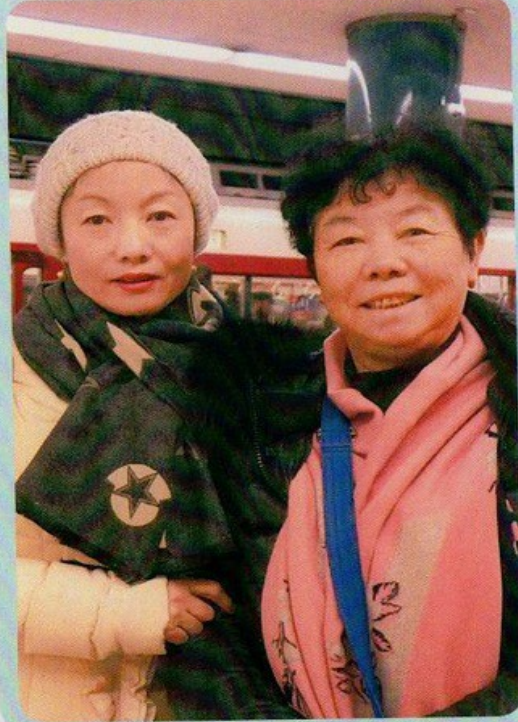
From left: Canxian, Xinli, Zhongping, Limei



From left: Xin Hui, Er Niang, Xin Li



From left: He Guihua, Niu Qiuji, He Guizhen

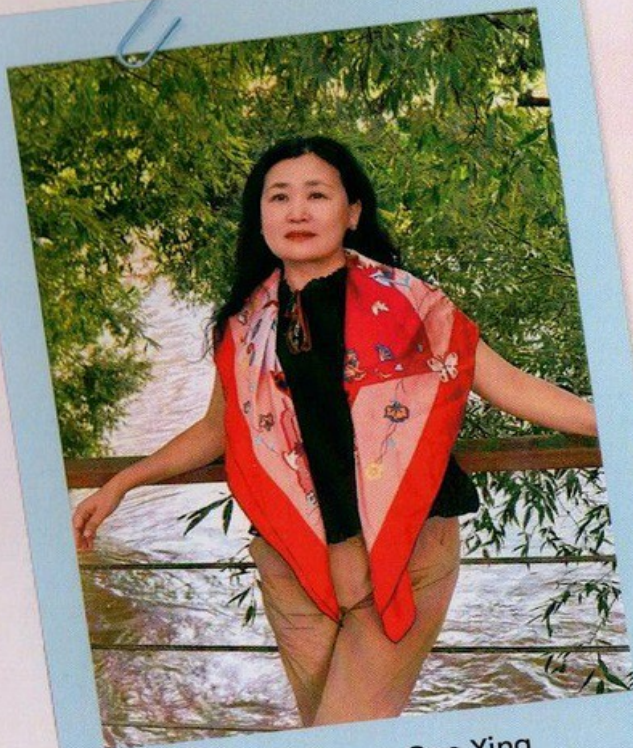


Huanxian and his daughter Hongjiang



A long-awaited reunion. June 28, 2025, in Lijiang.

From left: Zhou Hengfang (Director of Yunnan Provincial Forestry Department), Fang Baochu, Rao Qiuyuan

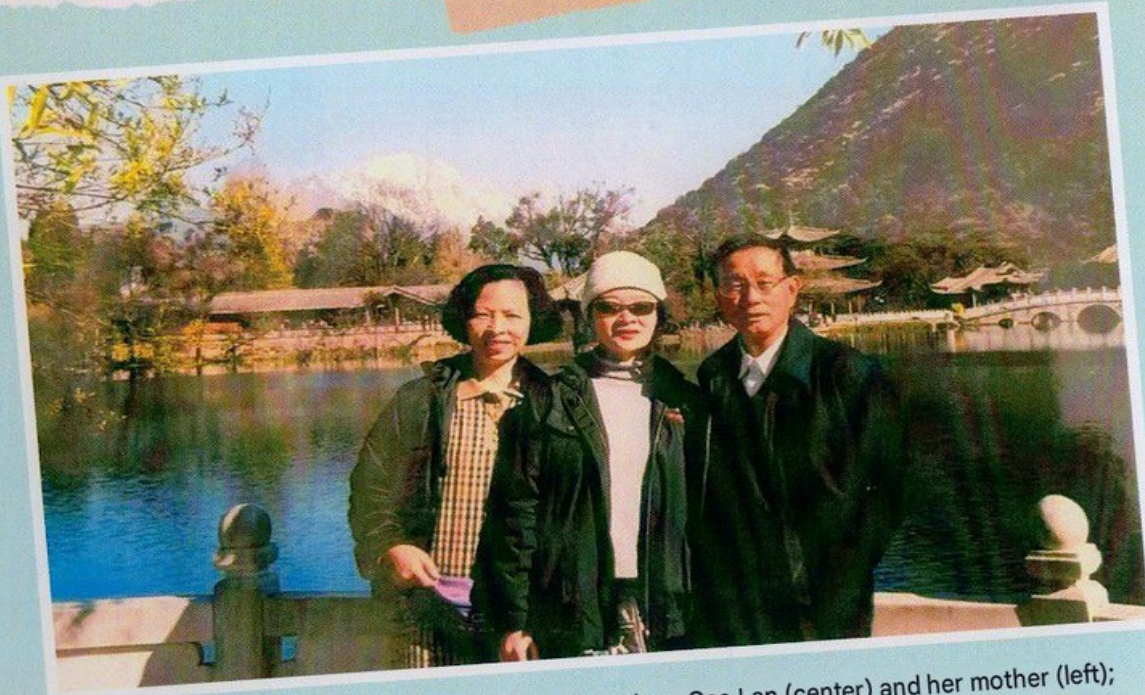


Italian guest: Gao Ying



Xie Mingxian

He dedicated his life to the arts, and was eighty-two years old at the time.



Guests from Shenzhen: Gao Lan (center) and her mother (left); Fang Baochu (right), the owner of "Fangzheng Inn".

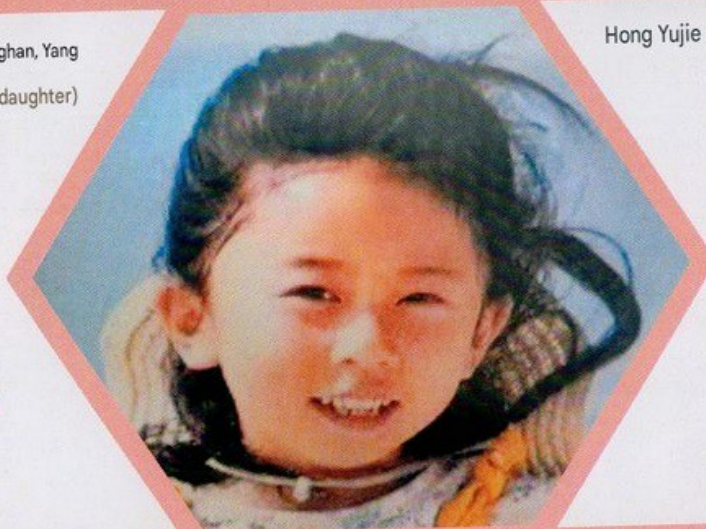
Taken in the summer of 2005



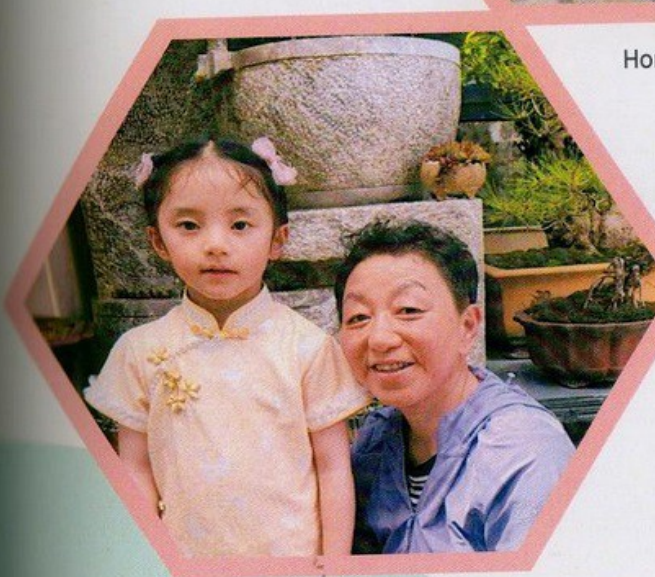
From right: Wang Linghan, Yang
Jinghan (Fang Yingxiang's granddaughter)



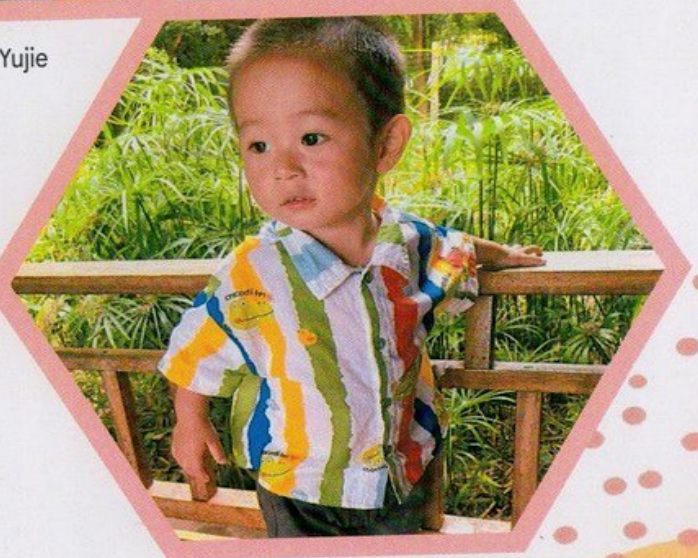
Hong Yujie (Fang Canxian's daughter)



Hong Yujie



Yang Ersong and his granddaughter



Little Wenwen (Fangyuan's son)



Xu Xingxiang and Fang Xiangrui

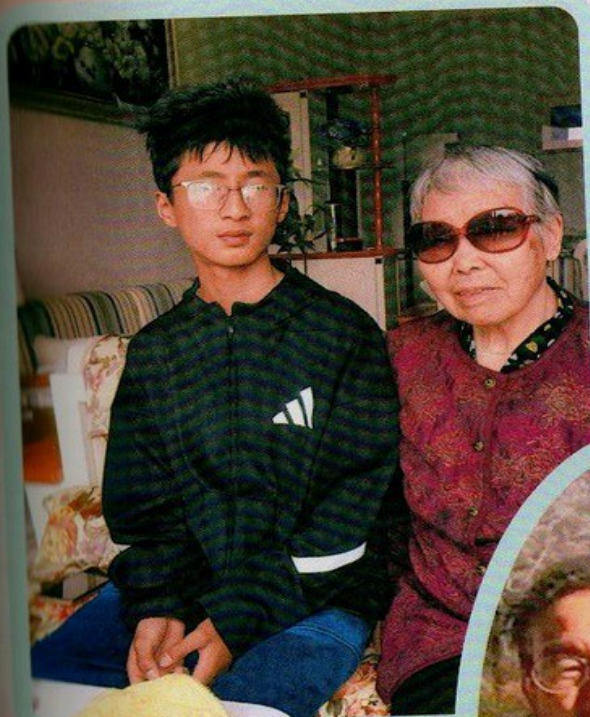


Qin Yu, IELTS
teacher at a middle school

Yuan Taiyu (Fang Runqi's granddaughter)
Singapore LEYLE course teacher



Grandpa and
granddaughter, July 11, 2025



Mother and grandchildren



Aunt (maternal uncle's wife) and biological mother



Bao Chu, Qiu Ji, Dao Yongming



Qiuji, Runqi



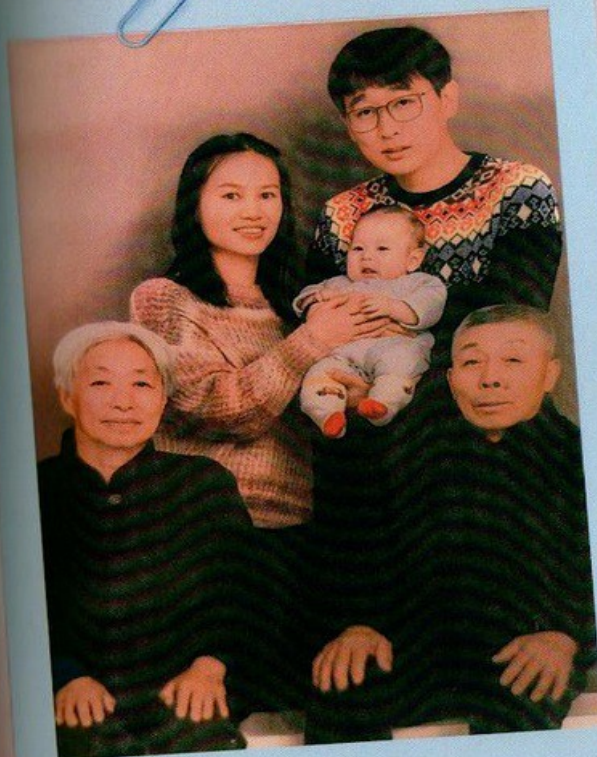
Naxi and Bai people are one family



joy of life



Human beings arise and gather due to causes and conditions.



Little question and grandparents



From left: Canxian, Wulian, Xiangrui, Fangyuan, Changchun



Reincarnation composes the symphony of life

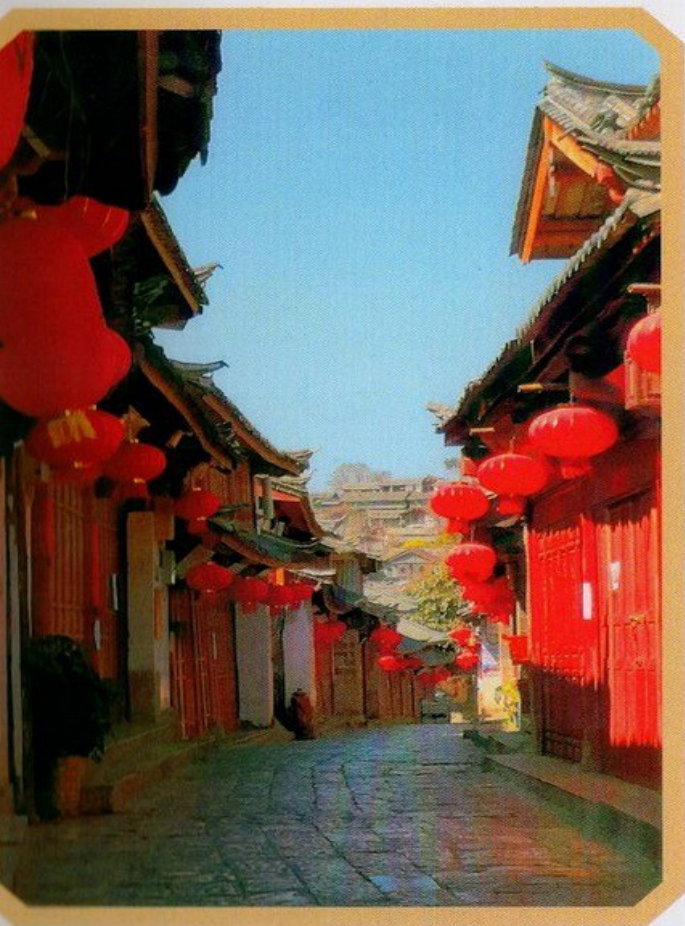
From left: Wang Lirong, Fang Yuan, Canxian

Fang Family Courtyard in Lijiang

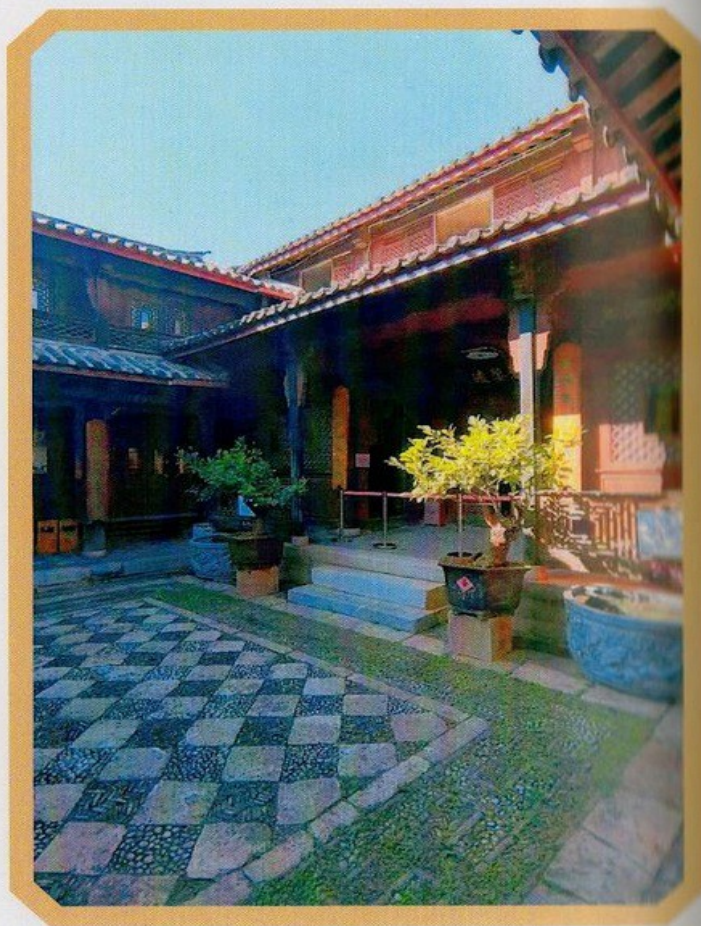
(Former Residence of Fang Guoyu)

Fang Guoyu's Former Residence is located in Wenzhi Lane, Wuyi Street, Lijiang Old Town, a World Cultural Heritage site. Designed and supervised by Yi Likun (a scholar who passed the imperial examination during the Guangxu reign of the Qing Dynasty and served as the first president of the Lijiang Chamber of Commerce), a member of the Fang family of Lijiang for four generations, the residence was originally built during the Jiaqing reign of the Qing Dynasty. Covering an area of 198 mu (approximately 12.5 hectares) with a building area of 14,732 square meters, it has a history of over 200 years. It is a representative example of Naxi architectural style combined with the absorption of foreign cultural influences. It is the best-preserved, most complete, and historically valuable example of traditional residential architecture in Lijiang Old Town.

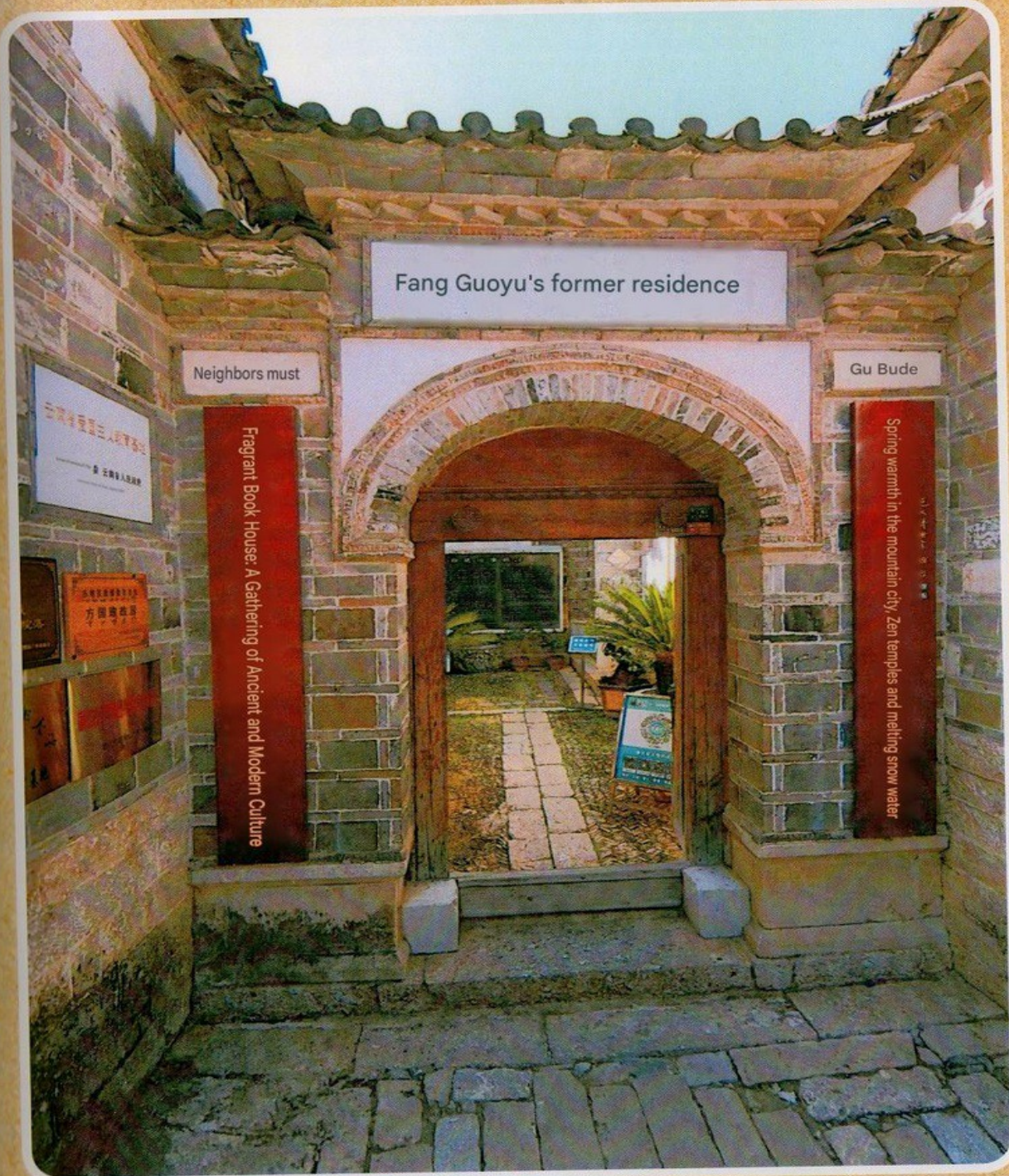
The entire former residence consists of two courtyards and two screen walls. It contains seven courtyards of varying sizes, including a horse-riding corner tower, a three-well complex, a garden, and a study, totaling 72 rooms. Nearby are the ruins of former academies, government offices, two temples, a partial temple, and a Christian church. The century-old Lijiang No. 1 Middle School and the Ancient City No. 1 Middle School are located nearby, making it a place where diverse cultures converge in the three ancient cities.



Lijiang Old Town Wuyi Street

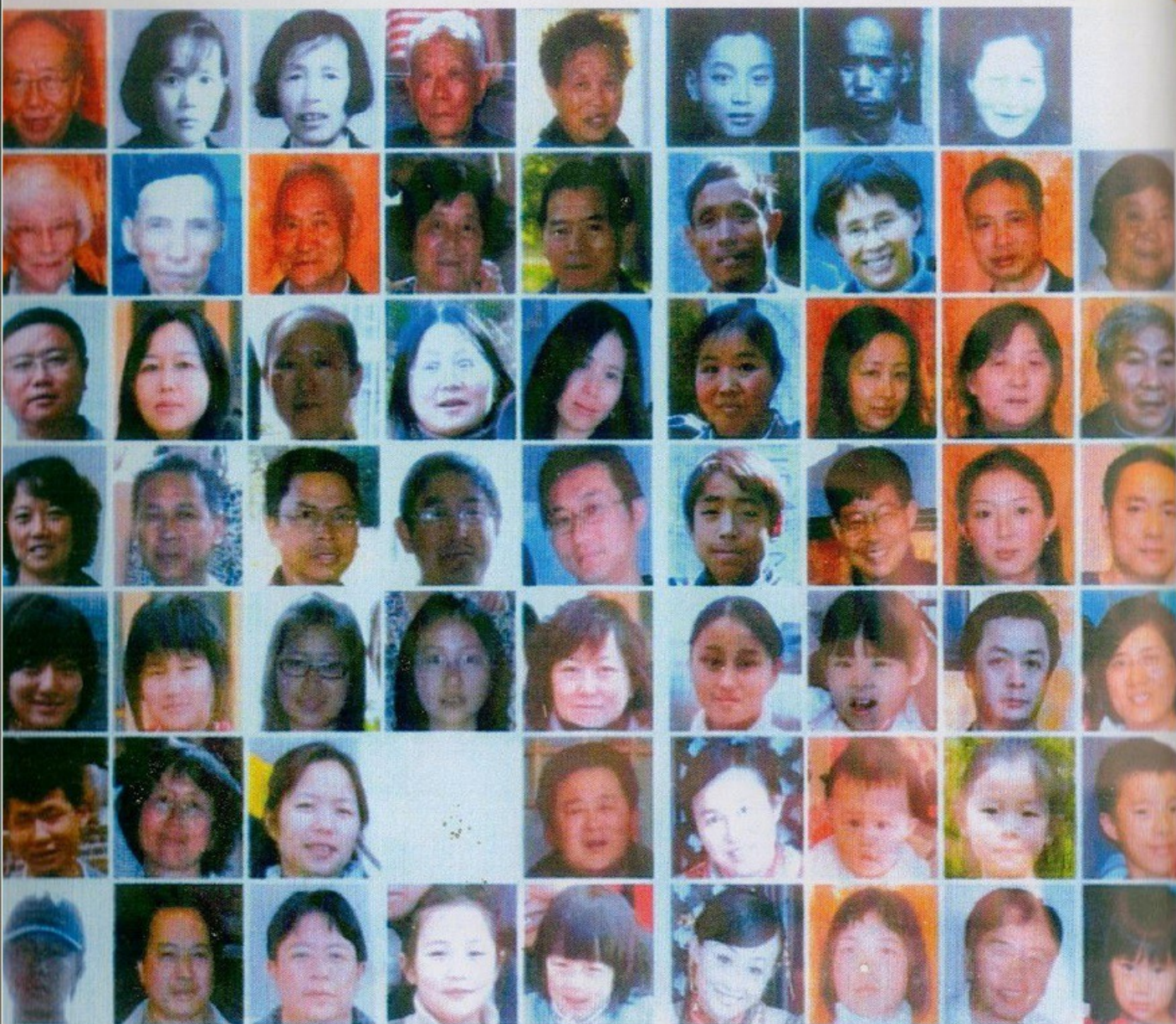


Fang Family Courtyard



Fang Guoyu's former residence

Lijiang Fang family



全家福



belongsto

Yufukumoto Moto





Blue Moon Valley

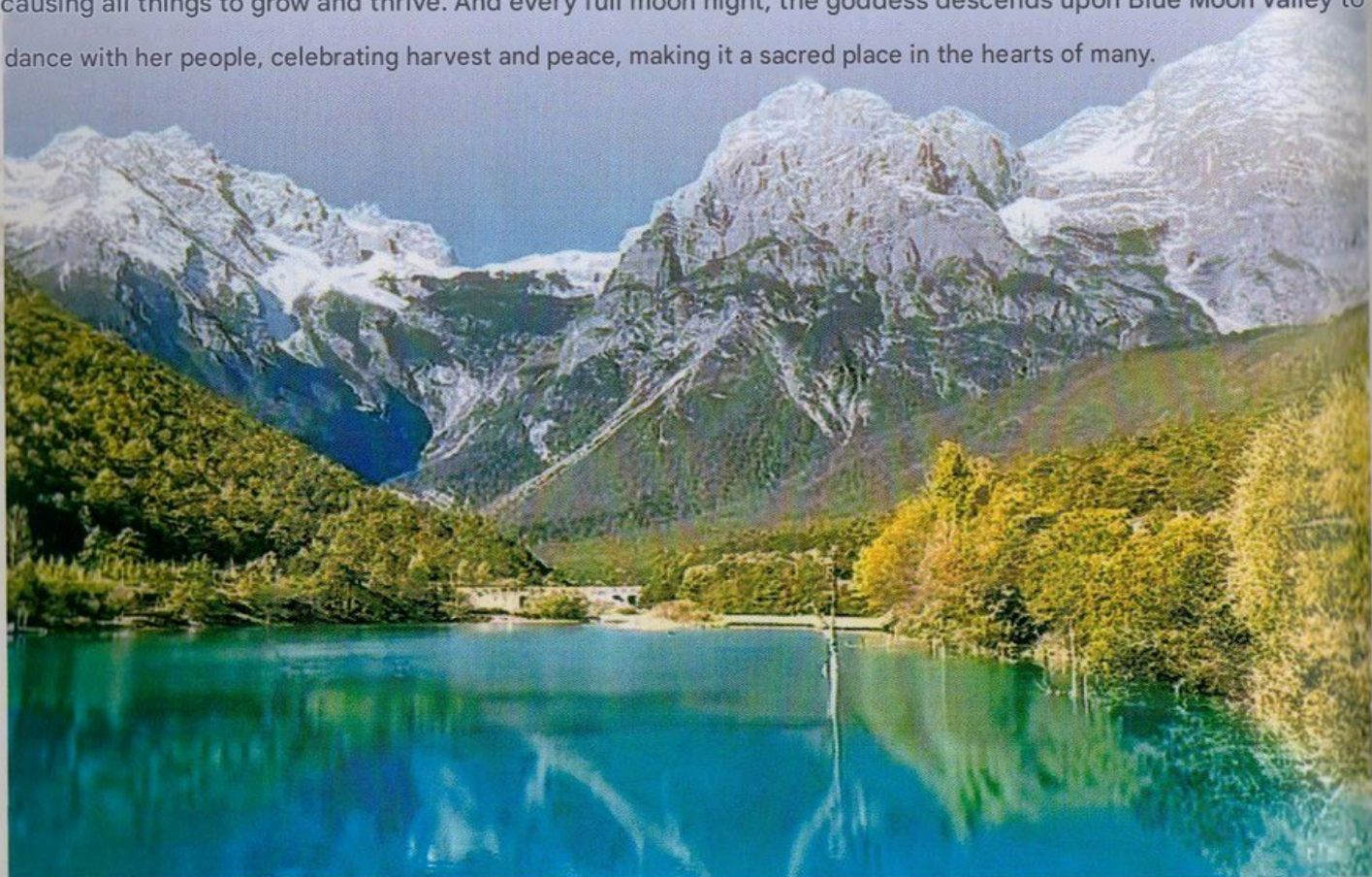
A touch of ethereal, clear blue, like a gem left behind in the human world, lies still in the embrace of Jade Dragon Snow Mountain, radiating a captivating light.

Blue Moon Valley is not only the ultimate display of natural beauty, but also a sacred place for the soul to seek tranquility and cleansing.

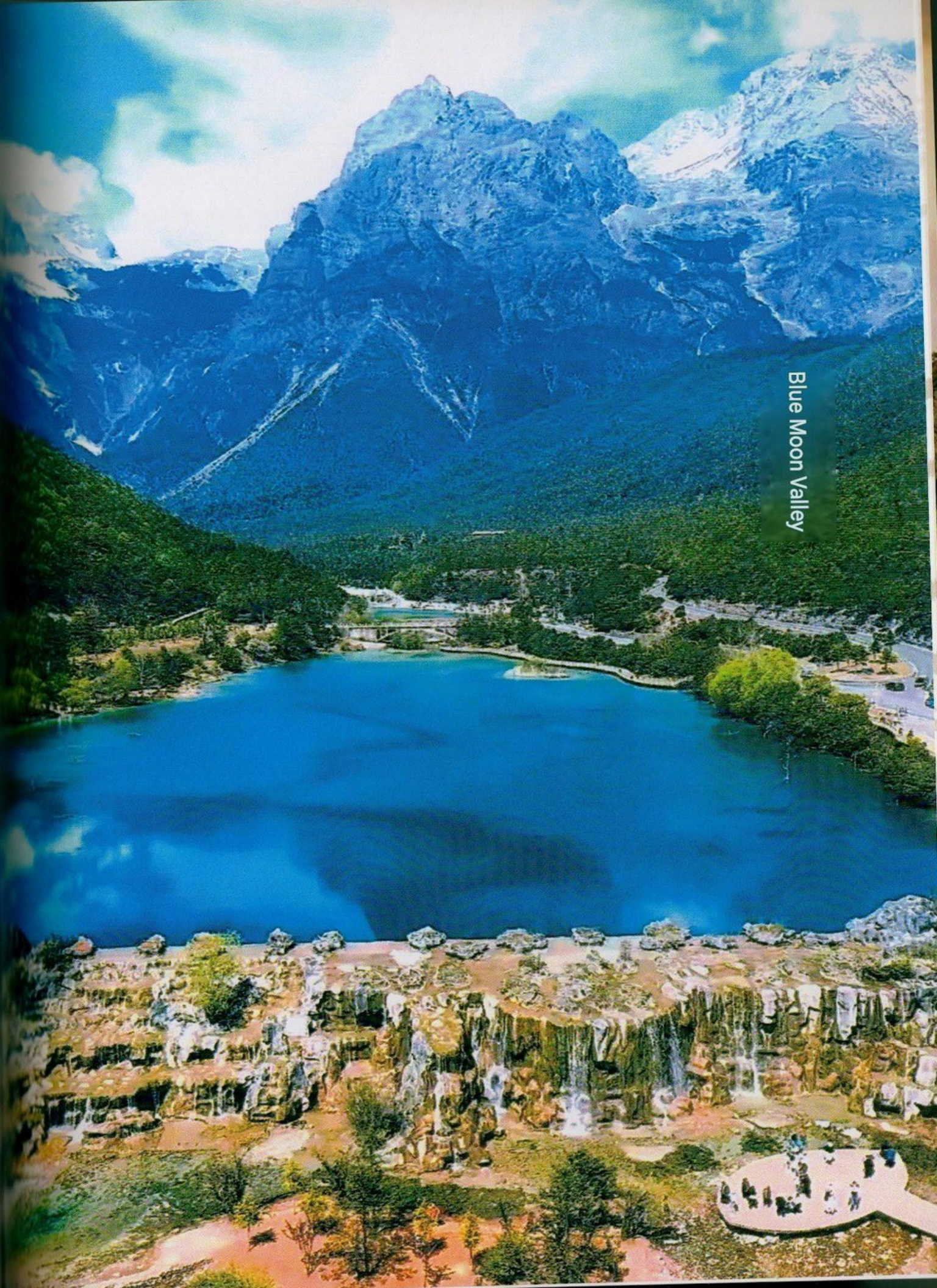
Blue Moon Valley is located at the foot of Jade Dragon Snow Mountain. Thanks to its unique geographical location and climate, it has formed a dreamlike blue lake. The lake water is so clear that it seems to be able to wash away all the dust of the world, and its unique blue color is like the sea under the moon, deep and mysterious.

Stepping into Blue Moon Valley is like entering a secluded fairyland, far removed from the hustle and bustle of the world. Surrounded by mountains, with the majestic Jade Dragon Snow Mountain standing tall, its snow-capped peaks shrouded in mist, it stands like a guardian deity, silently protecting this pristine land. In the valley, lush trees provide shade, birds sing, and flowers bloom, the air filled with the fresh scent of earth and blossoms. It makes people unconsciously slow down, take a deep breath, and feel this gift from nature.

The beauty of Blue Moon Valley lies not only in its natural scenery but also in its rich culture and legends. In Naxi mythology, Blue Moon Valley is the embodiment of a goddess who nourishes the land with her milk, causing all things to grow and thrive. And every full moon night, the goddess descends upon Blue Moon Valley to dance with her people, celebrating harvest and peace, making it a sacred place in the hearts of many.



Blue Moon Valley





Wangulou

The iconic building of Lijiang is located at the highest point of Lion Mountain in Lijiang Old Town. In Dongba script, it is explained as "the building that lasts for ten thousand years".

Wangu Tower is a five-tiered, all-wooden pagoda-style building, 33 meters high, with 16 main pillars, all of which are unconnected and reach the sky. It is the first all-wooden dougong (bracket set) building in China with a single pillar reaching the top without any connecting pillars. The pillars are 22 meters long. Wangu Tower has a square floor plan, with a width and depth of 18 meters. Four pairs of stone lions of different shapes are placed at the four entrances.

The history of Wangu Tower can be traced back to the Hongwu period of the Ming Dynasty, and it has a history of more than 600 years. It is not only a landmark building in Lijiang Old Town, but also a crystallization of the wisdom and art of the Naxi people.

Standing on the top floor of Wangu Tower, one can gaze at Jade Dragon Snow Mountain and overlook the ancient city and pastoral scenery – this is an excellent vantage point.





The country is so beautiful

The motherland's territory—a clear blue sky, a gentle breeze, swaying branches, chirping birds, flowing river ice—a scene brimming with life. Strange mountains, unusual rocks, rare flowers, and extraordinary trees—a breathtaking panorama—all like a pair of gentle hands, soothing a weary soul. Mountains, rivers, and lakes, like a fairyland, refresh the mind and intoxicate the soul. The shimmering lakes and mountains, the magnificent rivers and mountains, the verdant pines and cypresses, the swirling clouds and mist, the rural scenery, the Icelandic waterfalls—a breathtaking panorama, overflowing with blessings, healing the heart.

The rising sun illuminates the earth. The setting sun shines, turning maple leaves red. Ancient charm and new customs bring good fortune. The pine tree welcomes guests, the Fu River flows endlessly, the red sun shines with rosy clouds, and the motherland is prosperous and thriving.

The rising sun paints the sky with rosy hues, a breathtaking sight that speaks volumes. A secluded paradise, a fairyland dwells in the human world. Mountain mists reflect the red sun, and the serene beauty of two cranes touches the heart; the setting sun casts its last rays upon the earth, their reflections shimmering on the tranquil lake.

Spring is in full bloom, flowers are in full bloom. The earth is covered in colorful blossoms, and everything in the world is renewed. Stroll through the ancient gardens and experience a poetic life.

He who has not climbed the Great Wall is no true hero; behold the Great Wall stretching ten thousand miles, like a giant dragon lying among the mountains. Words cannot fully express the skill of our ancestors, for this scene remains forever spring-like. Within its rhythm, the universe can be returned to its dream; the magnificent rivers and mountains of our motherland inspire awe.

Enjoy the beauty of nature, sunlight filtering through the trees, carefree and unburdened, a breathtaking panorama of our motherland unfolds before you, a visual feast that soothes the soul and transports you to a paradise on earth. The captivating scenery brings joy, not worry. Cultivate a good mood, nurture your hobbies, and pursue your interests. A positive mindset, letting go of worries, and being open-minded fosters confidence and tolerance.

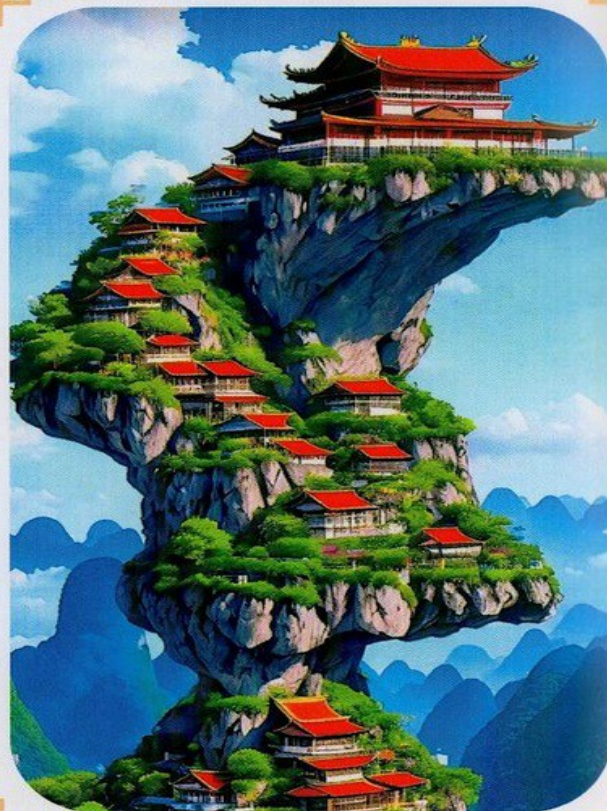
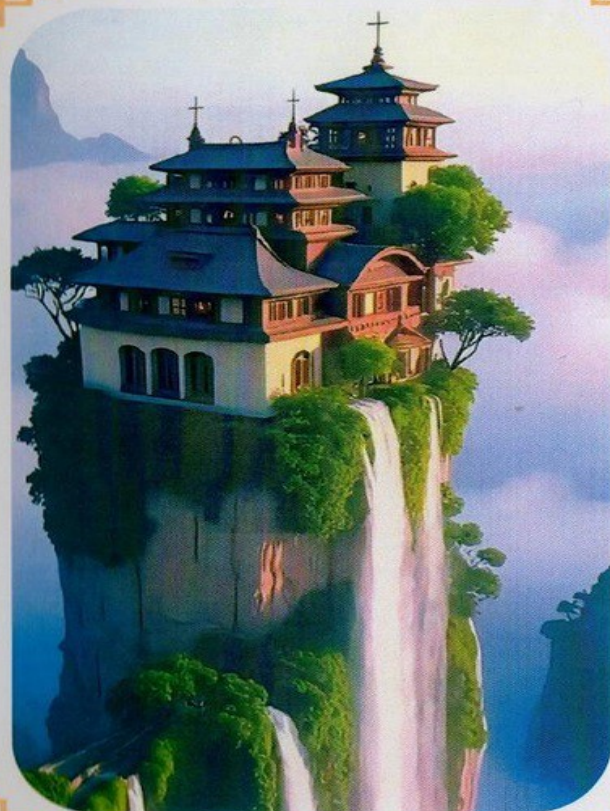
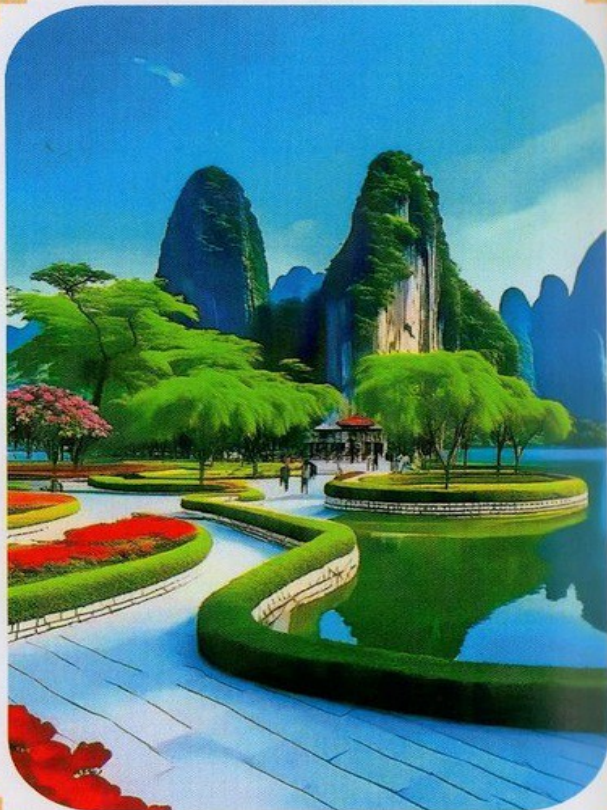
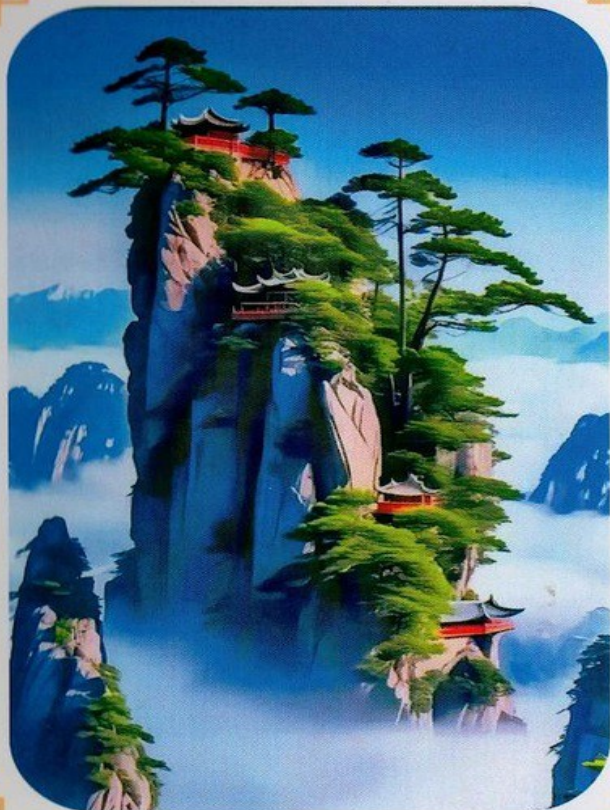
Facing such a magnificent scene with optimism, bathed in the warmth of spring, radiant with glory, we weather the storms together through the seasons.

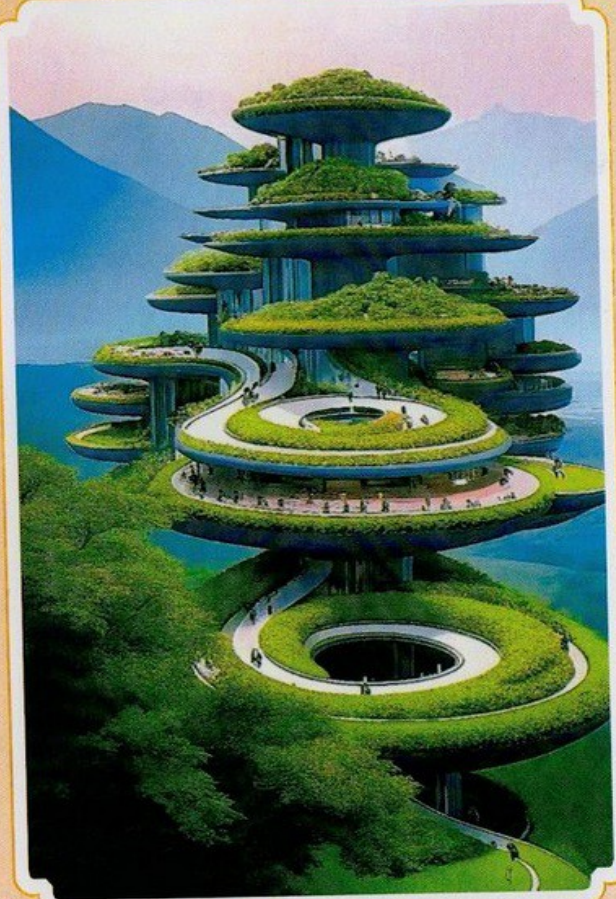
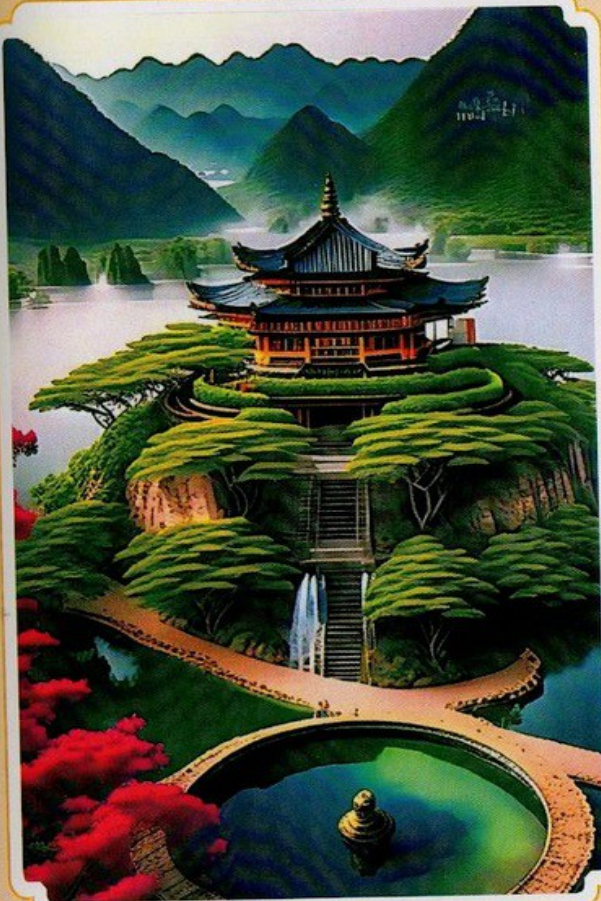
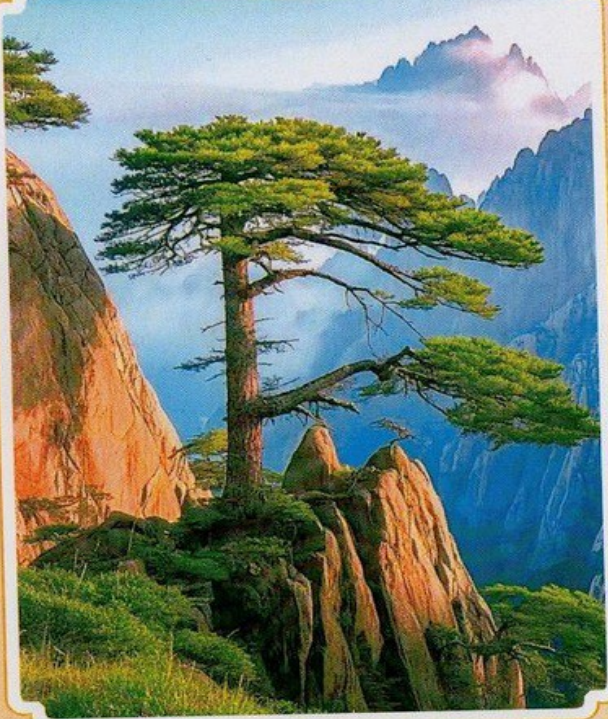
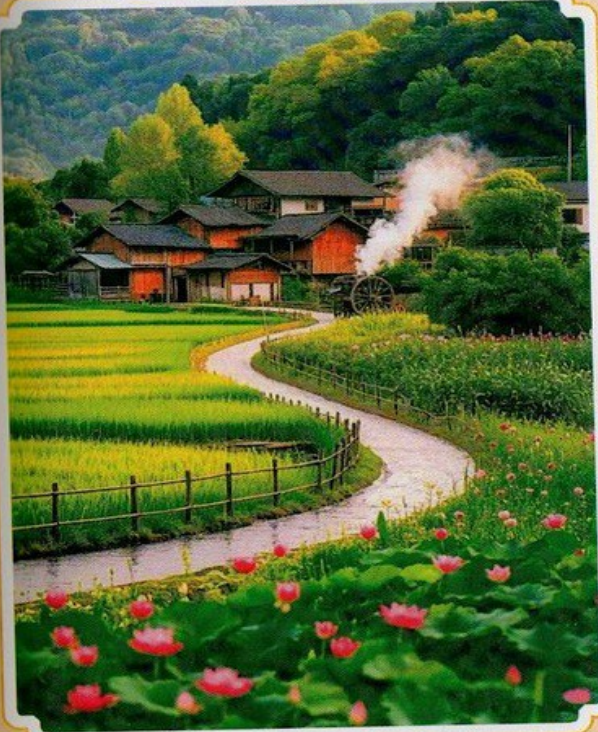
A hundred years is not a dream, especially for me, now eighty-seven. Life goes on, let us write our own chapters. Let us make friends through books, and cultivate virtue through friendship. May our motherland prosper, and may our family and friends be happy and healthy!

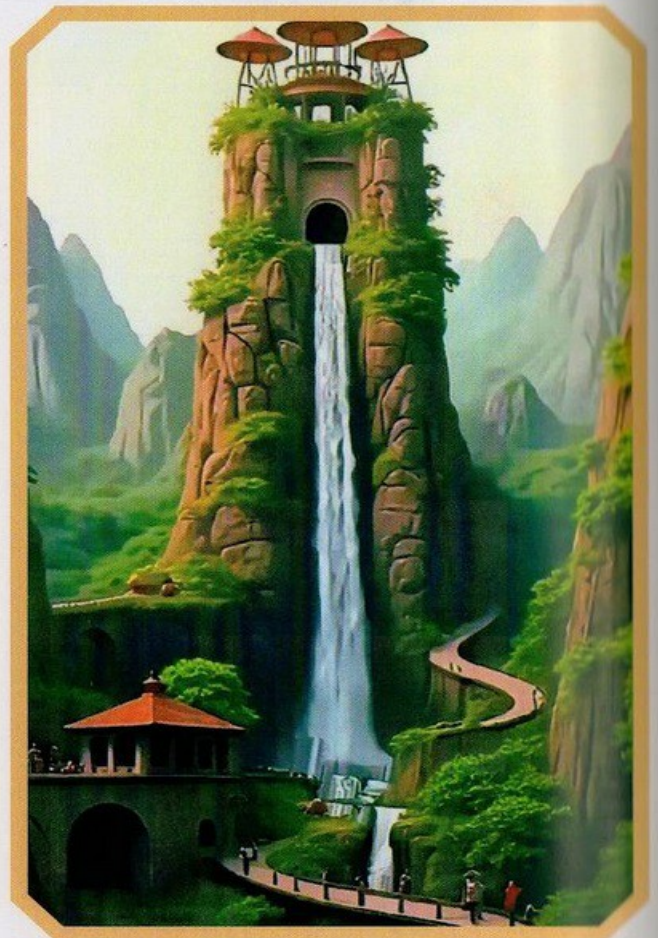
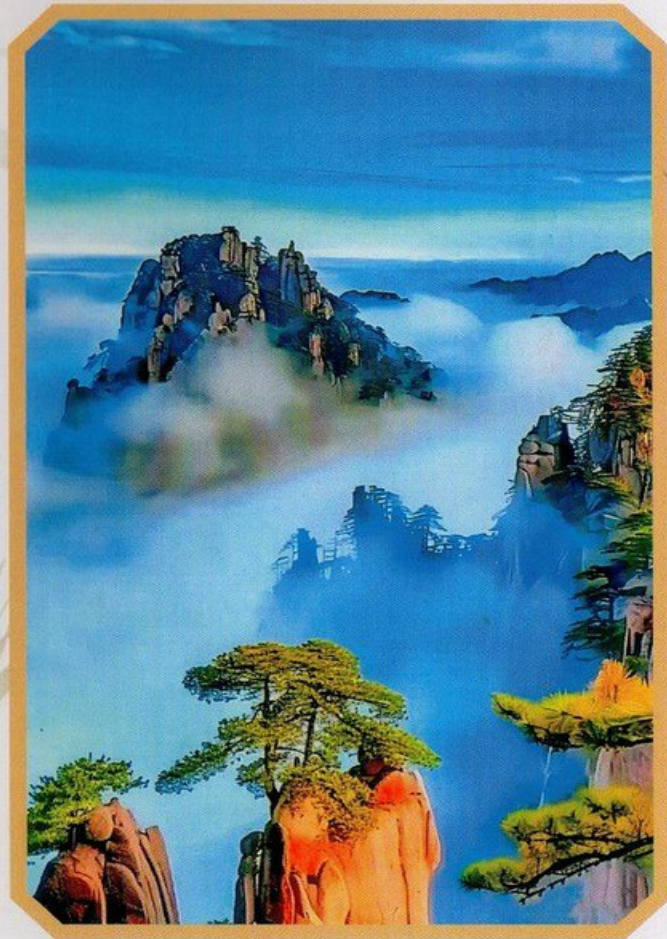
We laugh and talk about the many glorious events of our motherland, and rejoice to see spring everywhere in

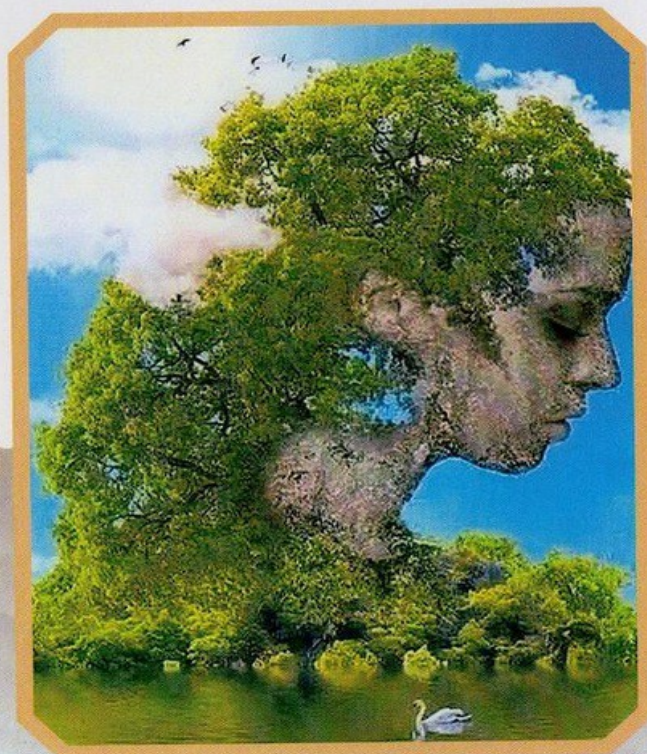
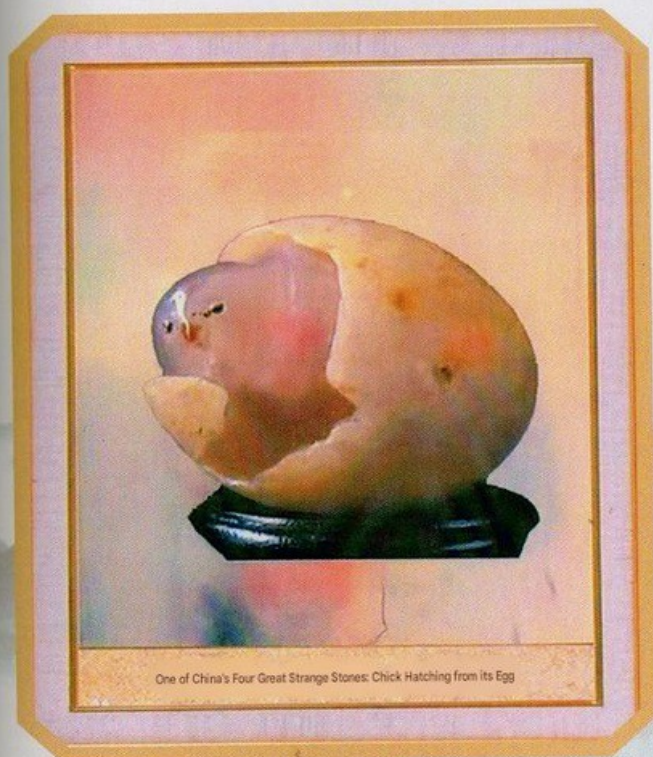
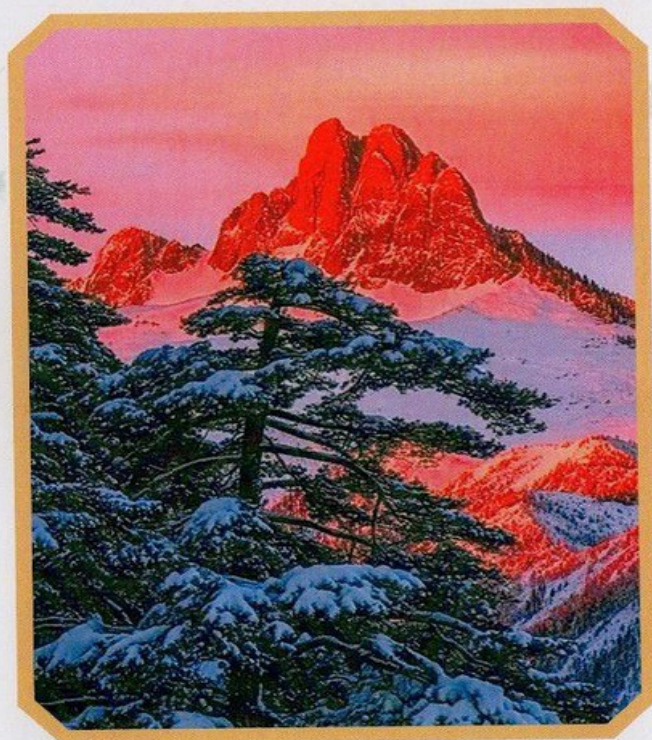
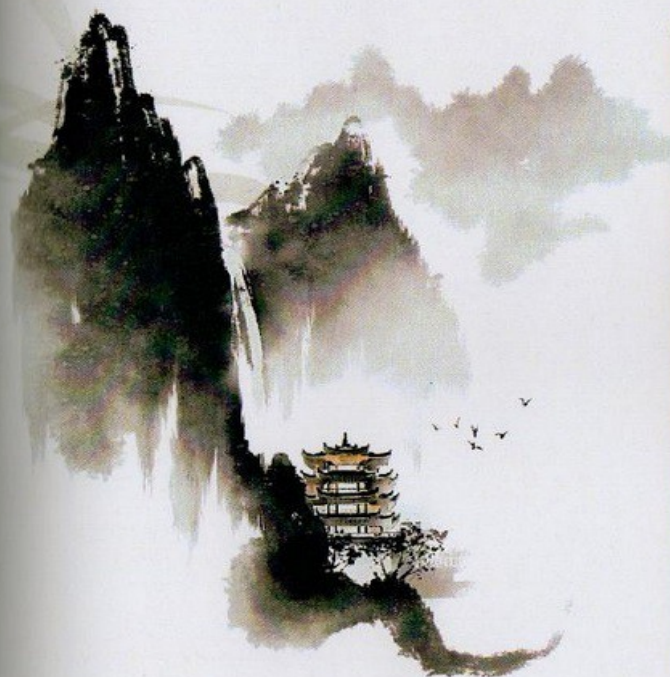
our hometown. We face life's seasons with a smile, and feel the warmth of the setting sun as spring returns.

Such a beautiful landscape, let's enjoy a visual feast!



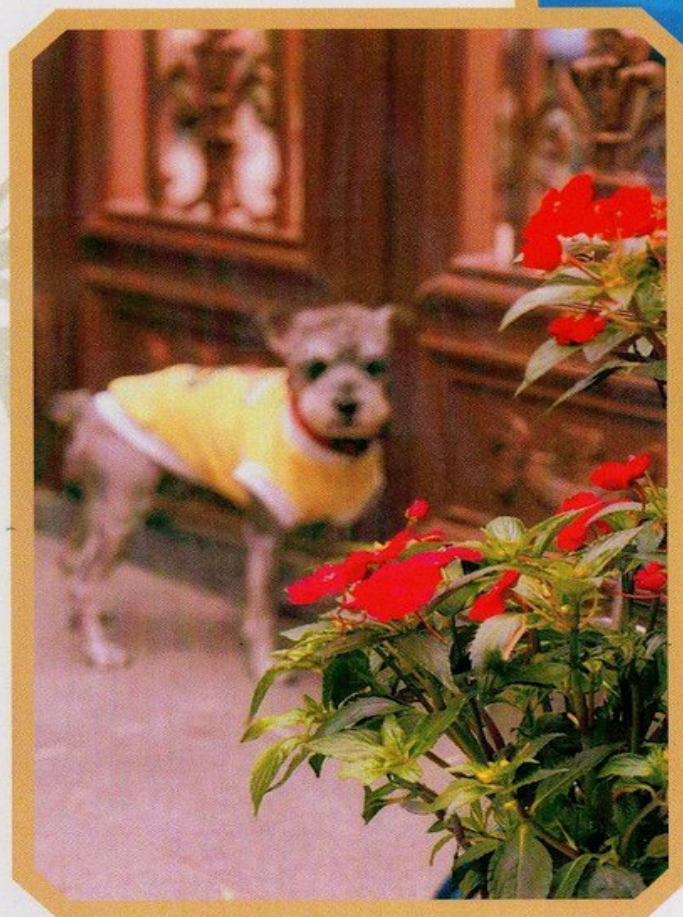
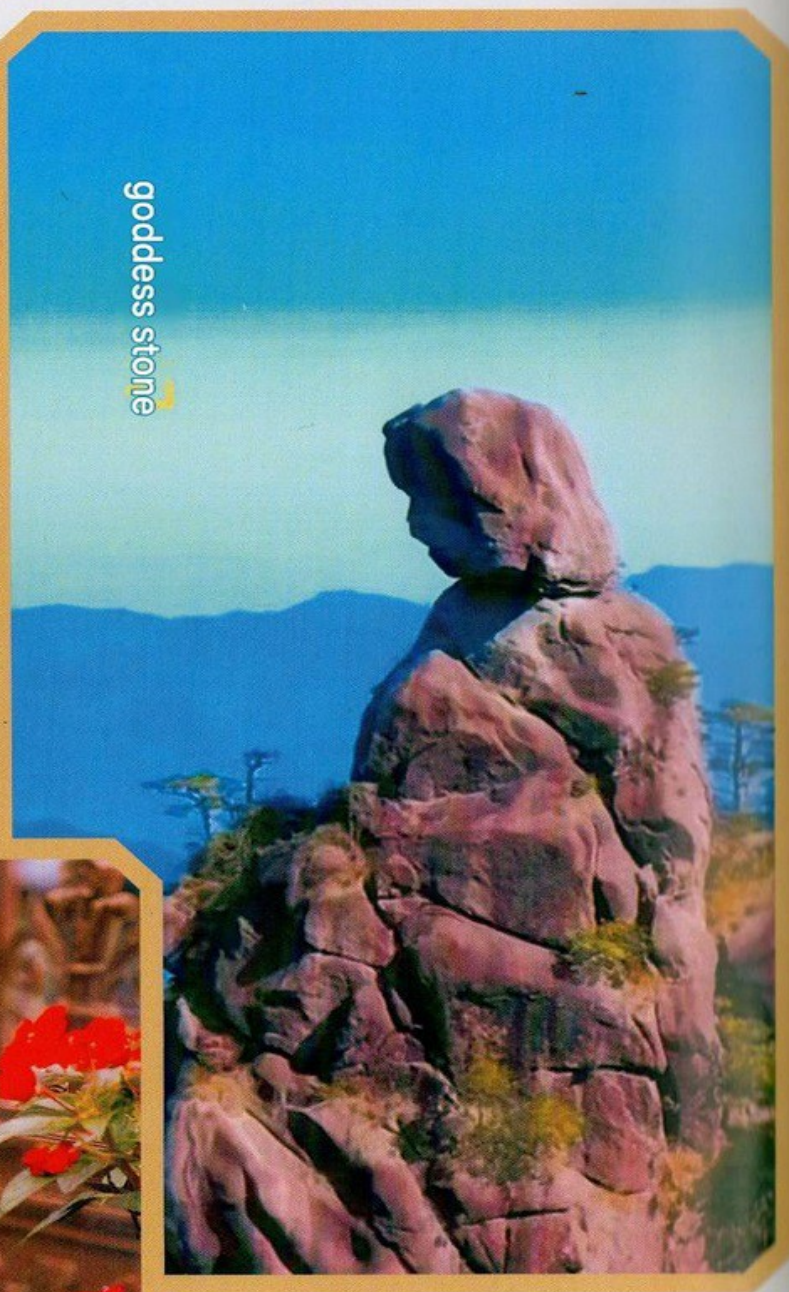


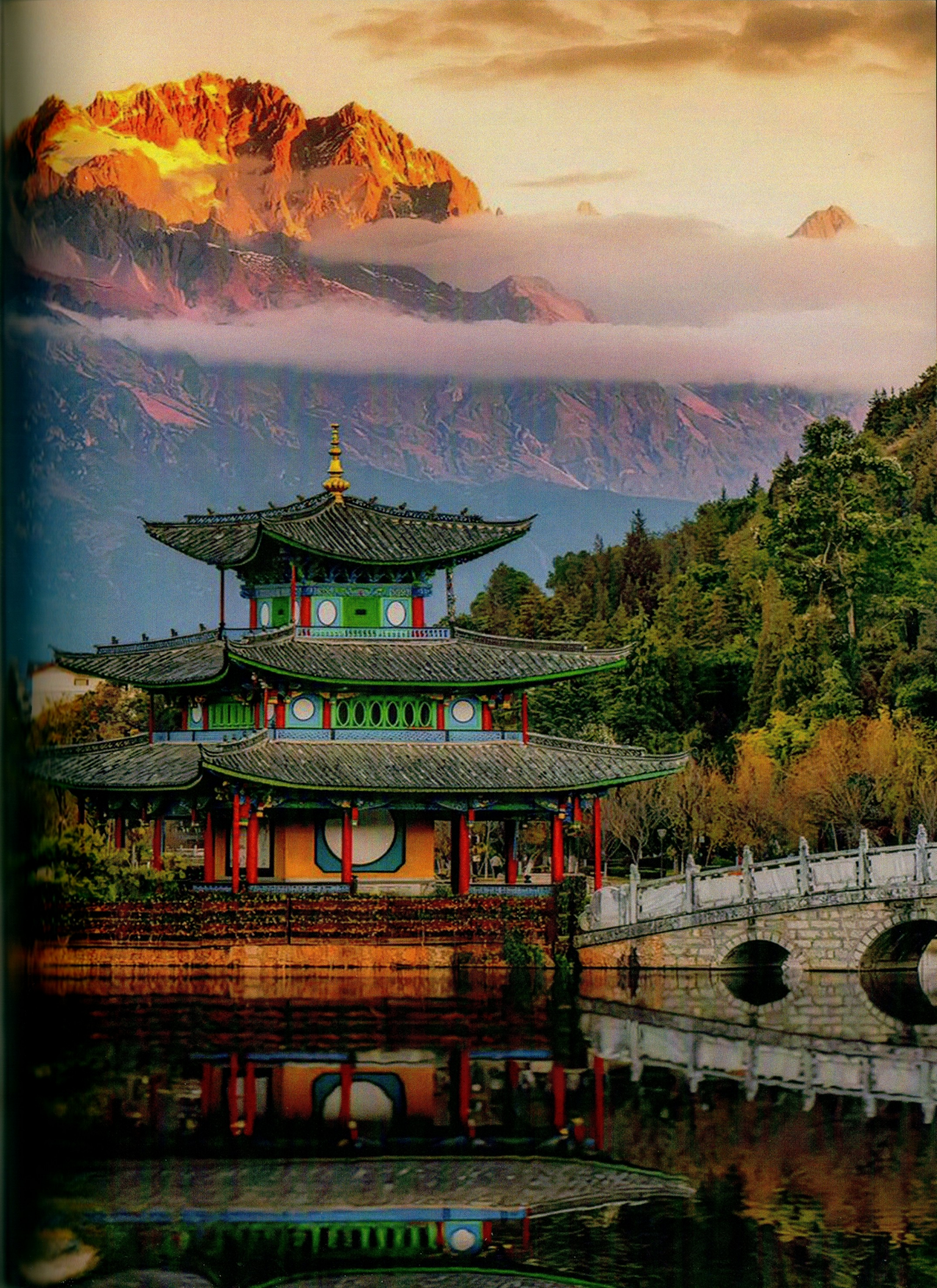






goddess stone







fate

Meeting is fate, cherish it doubly.

Whether it's wind or rain

Smile and see that life is beautiful